# **Installation Manual**

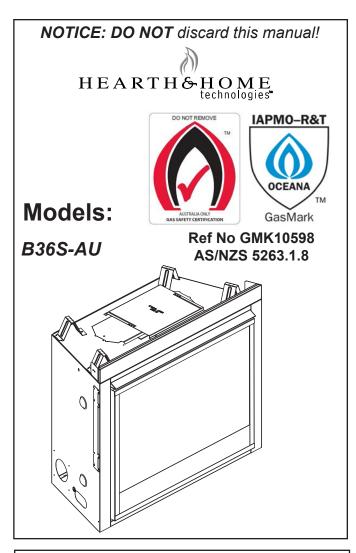
# **Installation and Appliance Setup**

**CAUTION!** Risk of Fire! DO NOT store instruction manuals inside fireplace cavity. High temperatures could cause a fire.

INSTALLER: Leave this manual with the appliance, not inside the appliance.

CONSUMER: Retain this manual for future reference. Do not store inside the appliance.

Contact your dealer with questions regarding installation, operation or service.



**NOTE:** NOT INTENDED FOR FIREPLACE INSERT. PRIMARILY A DECORATIVE AND NOT A HEATING APPLIANCE.

DO NOT PLACE ARTICLES ON OR AGAINST THIS APPLIANCE.

DO NOT USE OR STORE FLAMMABLE MATERIALS NEAR THIS APPLIANCE.

DO NOT SPRAY AEROSOLS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS APPLIANCE WHILE IT IS IN OPERATION.

DO NOT MODIFY THIS APPLIANCE.

#### A WARNING:

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death, or property damage.

- DO NOT store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- What to do if you smell gas
  - **DO NOT** try to light any appliance.
  - DO NOT touch any electrical switch. DO NOT use any phone in your building.
  - Leave the building immediately.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.



A barrier designed to reduce the risk of burns from the hot viewing glass is provided with this appliance and shall be installed for the protection of children and other at-risk individuals.

#### **▲** Safety Alert Key:

- DANGER! Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided will result in death or serious injury.
- WARNING! Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided could result in death or serious injury.
- CAUTION! Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
- NOTICE: Used to address practices not related to personal injury.

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# **Installation Standard Work Checklist**

# **ATTENTION INSTALLER:**

# Follow this Standard Work Checklist

This standard work checklist is to be used by the installer in conjuinstallation manual.  Customer: Lot/Address:	Date Installed: Location of Fireplace: Installer:	tions contained in this			
Model (circle one): B36S-AU	Dealer/Distributor Phone # Serial #:				
WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion! Failure to in lead to a fire or explosion. Install ONLY components Technologies. Unapproved components and access	ents and accessories approved b	y Hearth & Home			
Appliance Install Verified that the chase is insulated and sealed. (Pg. 12) Verified clearances to combustibles. (Section 3) Fireplace is leveled and secured. (Pg. 35)	YES IF NO, WHY?				
Venting/Chimney Section 7 (Pg. 36-42) Venting configuration complies to vent diagrams. Venting installed, locked and secured in place with proper cleara Firestops installed. Attic insulation shield installed. Exterior wall/Roof flashing installed and sealed. Terminations installed and sealed.	nce.				
<u>Electrical</u> Section 8 (Pg. 43-44) Unswitched power (110-120 VAC) provided to the appliance. Switch wires properly installed.					
Gas Section 9 (Pg. 45-46) Proper appliance for fuel type. Was a conversion performed? Leak check performed and inlet pressure verified. Verified proper air shutter setting for installation type.					
Finishing Section 10 (Pg. 47-49)  Combustible materials not installed in non-combustible areas.  Verified all clearances meet installation manual requirements.  Mantels and wall projections comply with installation manual requirements.	uirements.				
Appliance Setup Section 11 (Pg. 50-54)  All packaging and protective materials removed (inside & outside of Refractories, logs, media and embers installed correctly.  Glass assembly installed and secured.  Accessories installed properly.  Mesh, doors, or decorative barrier front properly installed.  Manual bag and all of its contents are removed from inside/unde the appliance and given to party responsible for use and oper Started appliance and verified no gas leaks exist.	r				
<ul> <li>Hearth &amp; Home Technologies recommends the following:</li> <li>Photographing the installation and copying this checklist for yo</li> <li>That this checklist remain visible at all times on the appliance of</li> </ul>					
Comments: Further description of the issues, who is responsible action needed		c) and corrective			
Comments Communicated to party responsible (Builder / Gen. Co  → = Contains updated information.	ontractor/) (Installer)	on (Date) 2563-980 10/19			

# **Product Specific and Important Safety Information**

#### A. Appliance Certification

MODELS: B36S-AU

LABORATORY: IAPMO OCEANA

TYPE: Type 2 Decorative Effect Gas Appliance

STANDARD: AS/NZS 5263.1.8

PRIMARILY A DECORATIVE AND NOT A HEATING

APPLIANCE.

This appliance must be installed in accordance with the AS/ NZS 5601.1 rules in force.

#### **B. Glass Specifications**

Hearth & Home Technologies appliances manufactured with tempered glass may be installed in hazardous locations such as bathtub enclosures as defined by the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC). The tempered glass has been tested and certified to the requirements of **ANSI Z97.1** and **CPSC 16 CFR 1202** (Safety Glazing Certification Council **SGCC# 1595** and **1597**. Architectural Testing, Inc. Reports **02-31919.01** and **02-31917.01**).

#### C. Gas Pressure Requirements

Pressure requirements for B36S-AU appliances are shown in table below.

Two taps are provided on the gas control for a test gauge connection to measure the inlet and outlet pressures.

The appliance and its individual shut-off valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of the system at test pressures in excess of 3.4 kPa.

If the appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing an individual shut-off valve, it must be of the handle-less type. **NOTE:** An inline fuel pressure regulator is recommended to limit NG inlet pressure to 2.49 kPa, and Propane inlet pressure to 3.25 kPa, to ensure optimum product performance. The inline fuel pressure regulator may be needed if any of the following symptoms exist: pilot jetting, a highly visible pilot flame, flame variation, etc. The inline pressure regulator should be installed in the gas line upstream of the appliance gas valve either at the appliance or in the utility room. Final main and manifold gas pressure must be tested with inline pressure regulator installed.

B36S-AU							
	NATURAL GAS	PROPANE					
Inlet Gas Pressure	1.13 - 3.40 kPa	2.75 - 3.40 kPa					
* Outlet (Manifold) Gas Pressure	.77 kPa	2.43 kPa					
Max. Gas Consump- tion	19.5 MJ/h	20.5 MJ/h					
Min. Gas Consumption	14.2 MJ/h	16.5 MJ/h					
Burner Injector DMS (mm)	#45 (2.08 mm)	#55 (1.32 mm)					
Pilot Injector	.023 in. (.584 mm)	.014 in. (.356 mm)					

\* The allowable Outlet (Manifold) Gas Pressure ranges are: Natural Gas 0.63 - .95 kPa (0.77 kPa nominal) and Propane 2.37 - 2.61 kPa (2.43 kPa nominal). Certification testing setpoint values are shown.

**NOTE:** The gas control valve supplied with this product is approved for a maximum inlet pressure of **3.40 kPa**. For pressures over **3.40 kPa**, an in line pressure regulator must be installed upstream from the gas control valve.

**NOTE:** To achieve the listed nominal gas consumption for natural gas appliances in areas of reduced inlet pressure (1.13 - 1.30 kPa) it may be necessary to remove the gas shut-off valve and flexible gas line assembly up stream of the gas valve and supply directly into the gas valve. If the provided assembly is removed, it is recommended that a new gas shut-off be installed inside the envelope of the appliance before the gas valve.

#### D. High Altitude Installations

**NOTICE:** If the heating value of the gas has been reduced, these rules do not apply. Check with your local gas utility or authorities having jurisdiction.

When installing above 2000 ft. (610 m) elevation:

Reduce input rate 4% for each 1000 ft. (305 m) above 2000 ft. (610 m).

#### E. Non-Combustible Materials Specification

Material which will not ignite and burn. Such materials are those consisting entirely of steel, iron, brick, tile, concrete, slate, glass or plasters, or any combination thereof.

Materials that are reported as passing ASTM E 136, Standard Test Method for Behavior of Materials in a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750 °C shall be considered non-combustible materials.

#### F. Combustible Materials Specification

Materials made of or surfaced with wood, compressed paper, plant fibers, plastics, or other material that can ignite and burn, whether flame proofed or not, or plastered or unplastered shall be considered combustible materials.

#### G. Electrical Codes

All electrical safety testing has been done following the IEC/EN 60335-2-102 standard. Local codes apply.

# **2** Getting Started

#### A. Design and Installation Considerations

Hearth & Home Technologies direct vent gas appliances are designed to operate with all combustion air siphoned from outside of the building and all exhaust gases expelled to the outside. No additional outside air source is required.

This appliance must be installed in accordance with the AS/NZS 5601.1 rules in force. Consult insurance carrier, local building inspector, fire officials or authorities having jurisdiction over restrictions, installation inspection and permits.

Before installing, determine the following:

- · Where the appliance is to be installed.
- The vent system configuration to be used.
- Gas supply piping requirements.
- · Provisions for optional heat management system.
- · Electrical wiring requirements.
- · Framing and finishing details.
- Whether optional accessories devices such as a wall switch, or remote control - are desired.

Installation and service of this appliance should be performed by qualified personnel. Hearth & Home Technologies recommends HHT Factory Trained or certified professionals.



6

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. For assistance or additional information, consult a qualified service technician, service agency or your dealer.

#### B. Good Faith Wall Surface/TV Guidelines

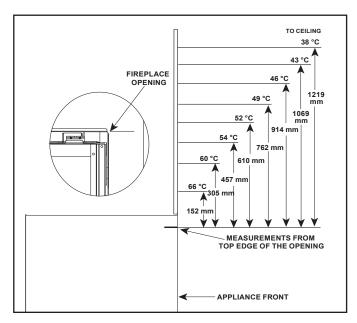


Figure 2.1 Good Faith Wall Surface Temperatures Above Appliance

**NOTICE:** Surface temperatures listed above are taken with a temperature measuring probe as prescribed by the test standard used for appliance certification. Temperatures on walls or mantels taken with an infrared thermometer may yield increased temperatures of up to 30 °F (17 °C) or more depending on the thermometer settings and material characteristics being measured. Use appropriate finishing materials that are able to withstand these conditions. For additional finishing guidelines, see Section 10.

#### C. Tools and Supplies Needed

Before beginning the installation be sure that the following tools and building supplies are available.

Hand Tools Tape measure
Level Framing material
Manometer Framing square

Voltmeter Electric drill and bits -1/4 in. (6 mm)

Plumb line Safety glasses/gloves Wrenches Reciprocating saw

1/4 in. nut driver

Non-corrosive leak check solution

1/2 - 3/4 in. (13 - 19 mm) length, #6 or #8 Self-drilling

Caulking material (300 °F (149 °C) minimum continuous exposure rating)

#### D. Inspect Appliance and Components

- Carefully remove the appliance and components from the packaging.
- The vent system components and decorative barrier fronts may be shipped in separate packages.
- If packaged separately, the log set and appliance grate must be installed.
- Report to your dealer any parts damaged in shipment, particularly the condition of the glass.

WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion! Damaged parts could impair safe operation. DO NOT install damaged, incomplete or substitute components. Keep appliance dry.

Hearth & Home Technologies disclaims any responsibility for, and the warranty will be voided by, the following actions:

- Installation and use of any damaged appliance or vent system component.
- · Modification of the appliance or vent system.
- Installation other than as instructed by Hearth & Home Technologies.
- Improper positioning of the gas logs or the glass door.
- Installation and/or use of any component part not approved by Hearth & Home Technologies.

Any such action may cause a fire hazard.

#### A. Appliance/Decorative Front Dimension Diagrams

Dimensions are actual appliance dimensions. Use for reference only. For framing dimensions and clearances refer to Section 5.

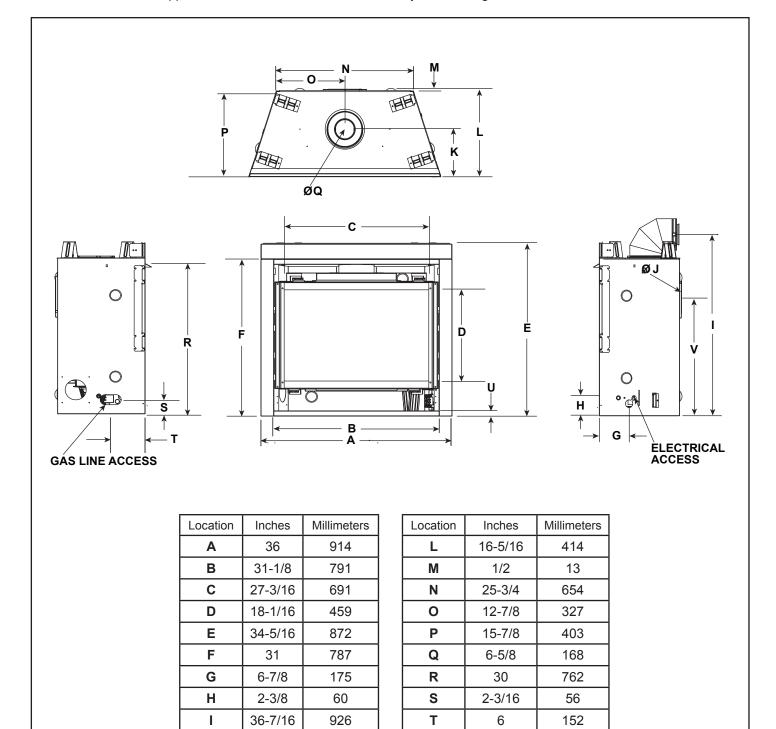


Figure 3.1 Appliance Dimensions

J

K

8

8-13/16

203

224

U

1-1/16

23-3/8

27

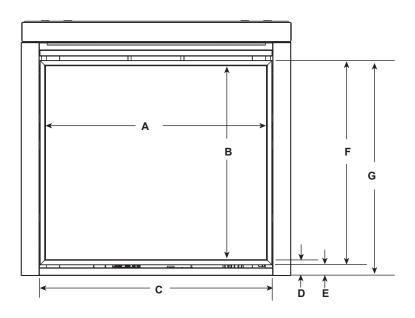
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#### **DECORATIVE BARRIER FRONT**

IMPORTANT! This fireplace requires an installed decorative barrier front to prevent direct contact with the hot viewing glass. DO NOT operate the fireplace with the barrier removed.

Decorative barrier front must be ordered at time of fireplace purchase. If decorative barrier front is not present, contact dealer.

Note: See Section 10 for mantel and finishing requirements.



		Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
CDV/2406 024	in.	28-7/8	25-1/8	31	2-5/8	1-5/8	27-1/8	28-3-/4
SRV2496-021	mm	733	638	787	67	41	689	730

Figure 3.2 Decorative Front Dimensions

# B. Appliance Location and Clearances to Combustibles

When selecting a location for the appliance it is important to consider the required clearances to walls and allow sufficient clearance for heat management systems venting. See Figure 3.3 and Figure 3.4.

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire or Burns! Provide adequate clearance around air openings and for service access. Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.

**NOTICE:** Illustrations reflect typical installations and are FOR DESIGN PURPOSES ONLY. Illustrations/diagrams are not drawn to scale. Actual installation may vary due to individual design preference.

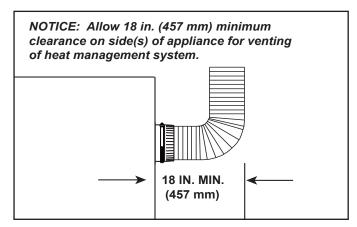


Figure 3.4 Clearance for Heat Management System

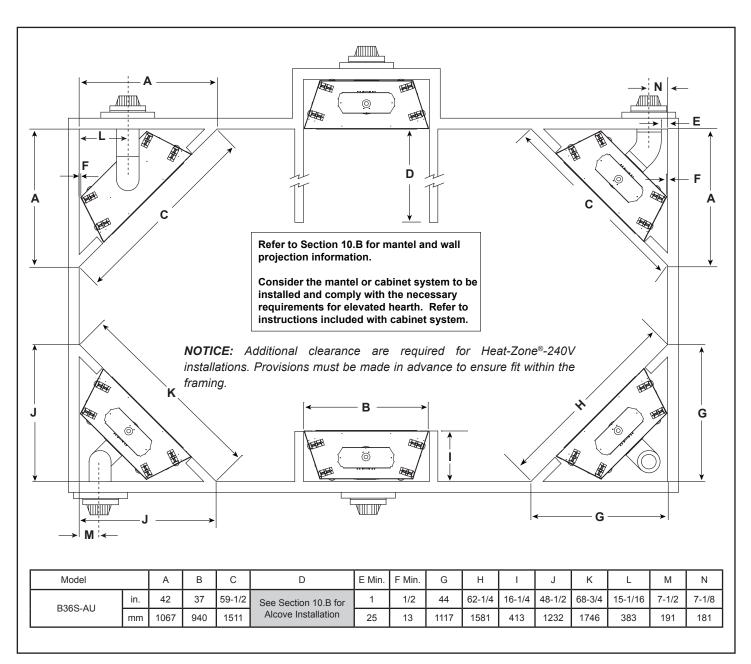
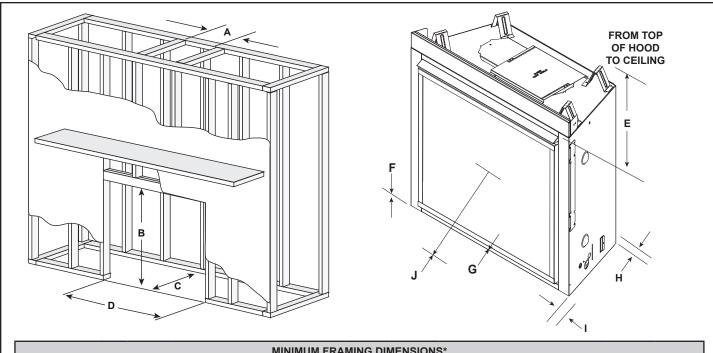


Figure 3.3 Appliance Locations



MINIMUM FRAMING DIMENSIONS*													
		/	A	В	(		D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
Models		DVP Pipe	SLP Pipe	Rough	**DVP Pipe	SLP Pipe	Rough						
Models	Rough Opening (Width)	Rough Opening (Width)	Opening	rtougn	Rough Opening (Depth)	Opening (Width)	Clearance to Ceiling	Combustible Floor	Combustible Flooring	Behind Appliance	Sides of Appliance	Front of Appliance	
B36S-AU	in.	10	8-5/8	34-3/4	16-1/4	16-1/4	37	32	0	0	1/2	1/2	36
B303-A0	mm	254	219	883	413	413	940	813	0	0	13	13	914

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Adjust framing dimensions for interior sheathing (such as sheetrock) C\*\* Add 12 inches for rear venting with one 90° elbow.

Figure 3.5 Clearances to Combustibles

#### C. Constructing the Appliance Chase

**NOTICE:** Install appliance on hard metal or wood surfaces extending full width and depth. **DO NOT** install directly on carpeting, vinyl, or any combustible material other than wood.

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire! Maintain specified air space clearances to appliance and vent pipe:

- Insulation and other materials must be secured to prevent accidental contact.
- The chase must be properly blocked to prevent blown insulation or other combustibles from entering and making contact with fireplace or chimney.
- Failure to maintain airspace may cause overheating and a fire.

A chase is a vertical box-like structure built to enclose the gas appliance and/or its vent system. In cooler climates the vent should be enclosed inside the chase.

**NOTICE:** Treatment of ceiling firestops and wall shield firestops and construction of the chase may vary with the type of building. These instructions are not substitutes for the requirements of local building codes. Therefore, you MUST check local building codes to determine the requirements to these steps.

**NOTICE:** When installing a sprinkler head in a fireplace chase, it is recommended to use a sprinkler head with a sprinkler activation temperature classified as Extra High. Keep sprinkler head away from vent and chimney.

Chases should be constructed and insulated in the same manner as the thermal envelope of the home based on the code requirements for that climate zone to prevent air leakage and draft problems. The chase is an extension of the building thermal envelope.

To further prevent drafts and air leakage, the wall shield and ceiling firestops should be sealed with caulk with a minimum of 300 °F (149 °C) continuous exposure rating to seal gaps. Gas line holes and other openings should be sealed with caulk with a minimum of 300 °F (149 °C) continuous exposure rating or stuffed with unfaced insulation. If the appliance is being installed on a cement surface, a layer of plywood may be placed underneath to prevent conducting cold up into the room.

#### D. Floor Protection

**NOTICE:** Install appliance on hard metal or wood surfaces extending full width and depth. **DO NOT** install directly on carpeting, vinyl, tile or any combustible material other than wood.

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire! Maintain specified air space clearances to appliance and vent pipe:

- Insulation and other materials must be secured to prevent accidental contact.
- The chase must be properly blocked to prevent blown insulation or other combustibles from entering and making contact with appliance or chimney.
- Failure to maintain airspace may cause overheating and a fire.



# **Termination Location and Vent Information**

#### A. Vent Termination Minimum Clearances

#### **A** WARNING

Fire Risk.

Maintain vent clearance to combustibles as specified.

 DO NOT pack air space with insulation or other materials.

Failure to keep insulation or other materials away from vent pipe could cause overheating and fire.

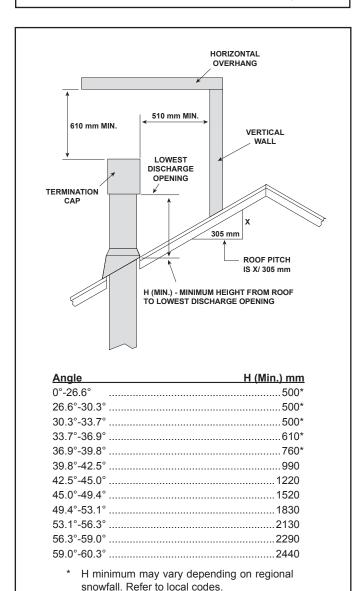


Figure 4.1 Minimum Height From Roof To Lowest Discharge Opening

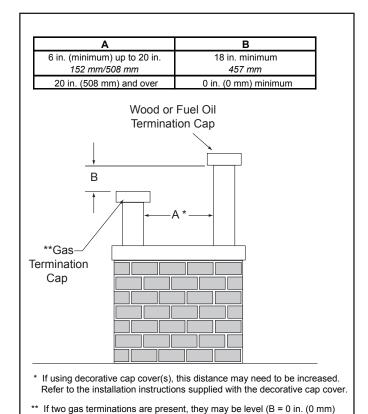
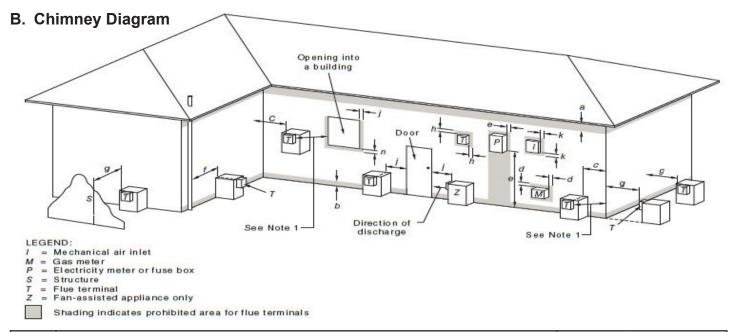


Figure 4.2 Staggered Termination Caps

provided A is a minimum of 6 in. (152 mm).



Ref.	Item	Minimum Clearance (mm)			
Kei.	iteiii	Natural Draft	Fan Assisted		
	Below eaves, balconies or other projections				
а	Appliances up to 50 MJ/h input	300	200		
	Appliances over to 50 MJ/h input	500	300		
	From the ground or above a balcony				
	Appliances 32 MJ/h and below	300	355		
b	Appliances from 32 MJ/h to 53 MJ/h	300	410		
	Appliances 53 MJ/h and above	300	460		
С	From a return wall or external corner	500	300		
d	From a gas meter (M)	1000	1000		
е	From an electricity meter or fuse box (P)	500	500		
f	From a drain or soil pipe	150	75		
g	Horizontally from any building structure (unless appliance approved for closer installation) or obstruction facing a terminal	500	500		
h	From any other flue terminal, cowl, or combustion air intake	500	300		
	Horizontally from an openable window, door, non-mechanical air inlet, or any other opening into a building, with	the exception of	sub-floor ventilation		
j	Appliances up to 150 MJ/h input	500	300		
	All fan assisted appliances in the direction of discharge	-	1500		
k	From a mechanical air inlet, including a spa fan	1500	1000		
	Vertically below an openable window, non-mechanical air inlet or any other opening into a building, with t ventilation	he exception of	See table sub-floor		
	For space heaters up to 50 MJ/h input	150	150		
n	For other appliances up to 50 MJ/h input	500	500		
	For appliances over 50 MJ/h input and up to 150 MJ/h	1000	1000		
	For appliances over 150 MJ/h input	1500	1500		

NOTES:

- 1. All distances are measured vertically or horizontally along the wall to a point in line with the nearest part of the terminal.
- 2. Prohibited area below electricity meter or fuse box extends to ground level.
- 3. Flue terminal under covered area:
  - a) The covered area or recess shall be open on at least two sides.
  - b) Fan assisted flue appliance shall have at least one side open and the terminal shall be within 500 mm of the opening and discharging in the direction of the opening.
- 4. Clearance from a flue terminal to a LP cylinder shall be a minimum of 1 meter.

#### MINIMUM CLEARANCES REQUIRED FOR BALANCED FLUE TERMINALS OR THE FLUE TERMINALS OF OUTDOOR APPLIANCES

Figure 4.3 Minimum Clearances for Termination

#### C. Approved Pipe

#### **Approved Pipe - Rigid**

This appliance is approved for use with Hearth & Home Technologies DVP or SLP venting systems. Refer to Section 12.A for vent component information and dimensions.

**DO NOT** mix pipe, fittings or joining methods from different manufacturers.

The pipe is tested to be run inside an enclosed wall. There is no requirement for inspection openings at each joint within the wall.

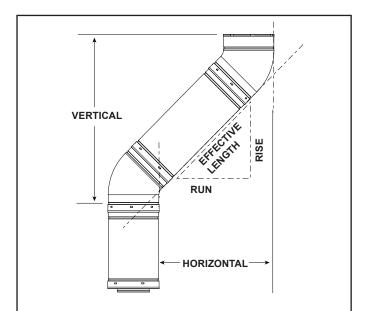
**WARNING!** Risk of Fire or Asphyxiation. This appliance requires a separate vent. **DO NOT** vent to a pipe serving a separate solid fuel burning appliance.

#### D. Use of Elbows

Diagonal runs have both vertical and horizontal vent aspects when calculating the effects. Use the rise for the vertical aspect and the run for the horizontal aspect. See Figure 4.4.

Two 45° elbows may be used in place of one 90° elbow. On 45° runs, one foot of diagonal is equal to 8-1/2 in. (216 mm) horizontal run and 8-1/2 in. (216 mm) vertical run. A length of straight pipe is allowed between two 45° elbows. See Figure 4.4.

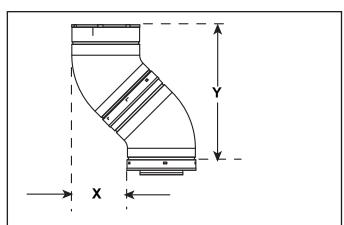
Figure 4.5 shows the vertical and horizontal offsets for DVP or SLP elbows.



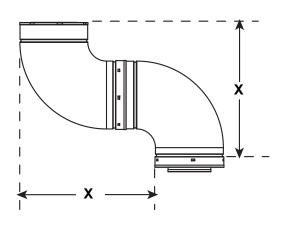
SLP	SLP Effective Length		Rise/Run		
Pipe	Inches	Millimeters	Inches	Millimeters	
SLP4	4	102	2-3/4	70	
SLP6	6	152	4-1/4	108	
SLP12	12	305	8-1/2	216	
SLP24	24	610	17	432	
SLP36	36	914	25-1/2	648	
SLP48	48	1219	34	864	
SLP6A	3 to 6	76 to 152	2-1/8-4-1/4	54-108	
SLP12A	3 to 12	76 to 305	2-1/8-8-1/2	54-216	

DVP	Effectiv	e Length	Rise/Run		
Pipe	Inches	Millimeters	Inches	Millimeters	
DVP4	4	102	2-3/4	70	
DVP6	6	152	4-1/4	108	
DVP12	12	305	8-1/2	216	
DVP24	24	610	17	432	
DVP36	36	914	25-1/2	648	
DVP48	48	1219	34	864	
DVP6A	3 to 6	76 to 152	2-1/8-4-1/4	54-108	
DVP12A	3 to 12	76 to 305	2-1/8-8-1/2	54-216	

Figure 4.4



Vent X			Υ		
Type	Inches	Millimeters	Inches	Millimeters	
DVP	4-1/2	114	17	432	
SLP	5	127	11-3/4	298	



Vent Type	X		
vent Type	Inches	Millimeters	
DVP	16-1/4	413	
SLP	11-1/4	286	

Figure 4.5 Vertical and Horizontal Offset for DVP and SLP Elbows

#### E. Vent Diagrams

General Rules:

- SUBTRACT 3 ft. (914 mm) from the total H measurement for each 90° elbow installed horizontally.
- SUBTRACT 1-1/2 ft. (457 mm) from the total H measurement for each 45° elbow installed horizontally.
- Rear Vented: A maximum of three 90° elbows (or six 45° elbows) may be used in any vent configuration. Some elbows may be installed horizontally. See Figure 4.23 and 4.25.
- **Top Vented:** A maximum of four 90° elbows (or eight 45° elbows) may be used in any vent configuration. Some elbows may be installed horizontally. See Figure 4.16.
- Elbows may be placed back to back anywhere in the system.
- Any 90° elbow may be replaced with two back to back 45° elbows.
- When penetrating a combustible wall, a wall shield firestop must be installed.
- When penetrating a combustible ceiling, a ceiling firestop must be installed.
- Horizontal runs of vent do not require vertical rise; horizontal runs may be level.
- Horizontal termination cap should have a 1/4 in. (6 mm) downward slant to allow any moisture in cap to be released. See Figure 4.6.

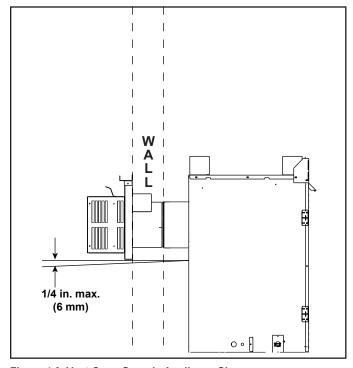


Figure 4.6 Vent Cap - Generic Appliance Shown

# F. Measuring Standards

Vertical and horizontal measurements listed in the vent diagrams were made using the following standards:

- Pipe measurements are shown using the effective length of pipe. See Section 12.A for information on effective length of pipe components.
- Horizontal terminations are measured to the outside mounting surface (flange of termination cap). See Figure 4.7.
- Vertical terminations are measured to top of last section of pipe. See Figure 4.8.
- · Horizontal pipe installed level with no rise.

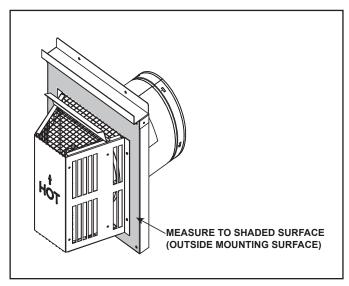


Figure 4.7 Measure to Outside Mounting Surface

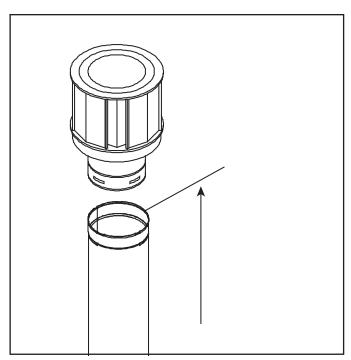


Figure 4.8. Measure to Top of Last Section of Pipe

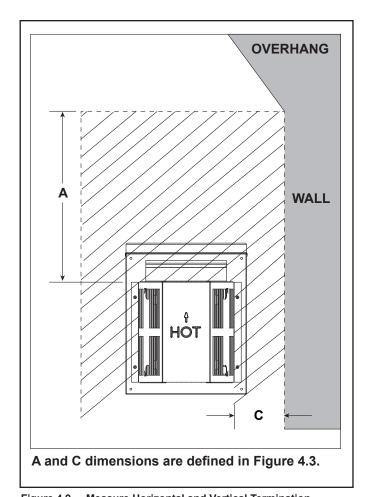


Figure 4.9 Measure Horizontal and Vertical Termination Clearance to Trapezoid Portion of Cap

#### **Top Vent - Horizontal Termination**

#### One Elbow

Note: Use SLP Series components only.



#### A

# **WARNING\*\***

Fire Risk.

Install required minimum vertical venting to prevent overheating and fire.

- When using SLP-HRC-SS termination cap on top vented fireplaces, a one foot minimum vertical vent section is required before installing first elbow.
- Installation of the elbow heat shield is required when the clearance to combustible material above the first vent elbow is 6 in. (152 mm) or less. See Section 5.A and 5.B.

V <sub>1</sub> Minin	num**	H₁ Max	cimum
90 Elbow	Only**	2 ft.	610 mm
1/2 ft.**	152 mm	2 ft.	610 mm
1-1/2 ft.**	457 mm	3 ft.	914 mm
2-1/2 ft.**	762 mm	5 ft.	1.5 m
3-1/2 ft.	1.1 m	7 ft.	2.1 m
4-1/2 ft.	1.4 m	15 ft.	4.6 m

 $H_1$  MAX. =15 ft. (4.6 m)  $V_1$  +  $H_1$  MAX. = 40 ft. (12.2 m) \*\* See Warning.

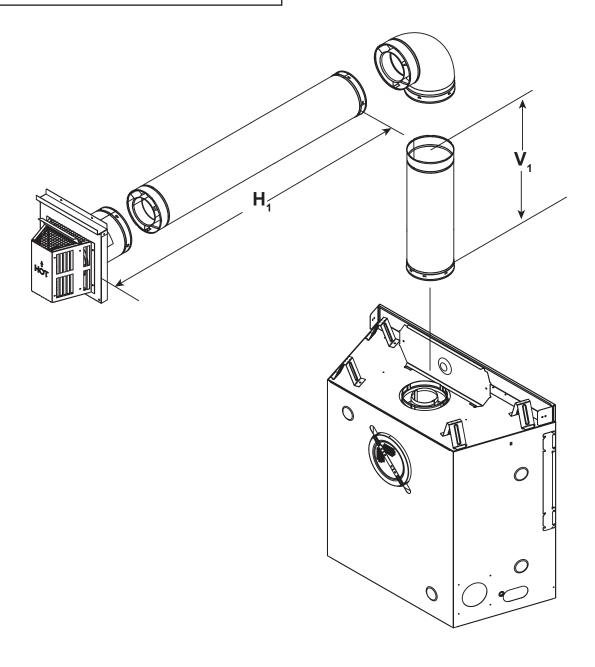


Figure 4.10

# **Top Vent - Horizontal Termination - (continued)**

#### **Two Elbows**

Note: Use SLP Series components only.

mum**	H <sub>1</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> N	laximum
w Only**	1/2 ft.	152 mm
152 mm	1 ft.	305 mm
457 mm	2 ft.	610 mm
762 mm	4 ft.	1.2 m
1.1 m	6 ft.	1.8 m
1.4 m	14 ft.	4.3 m
	v Only** 152 mm 457 mm 762 mm 1.1 m	v Only** 1/2 ft.  152 mm 1 ft.  457 mm 2 ft.  762 mm 4 ft.  1.1 m 6 ft.

 $H_1 + H_2 MAX$ . =14 ft. (4.3 m)  $V_1 + H_1 + H_2 MAX$ . = 40 ft. (12.2 m) \*\*See Warning Below.

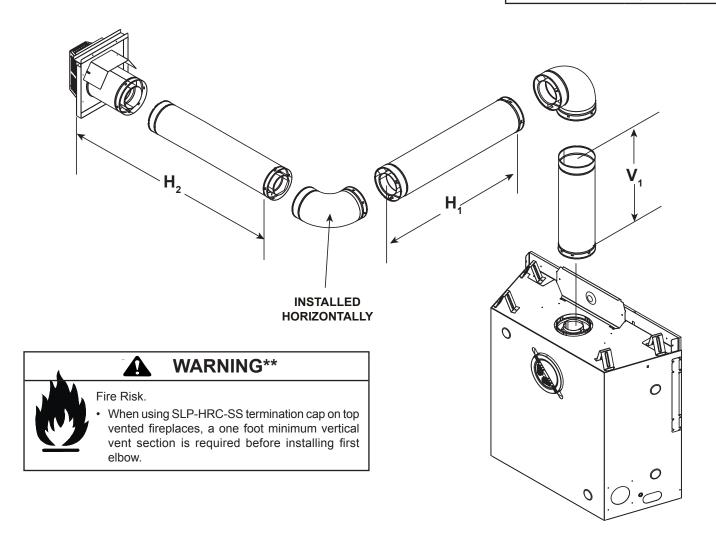


Figure 4.11

#### **Top Vent - Horizontal Termination - (continued)**

#### **Three Elbows**

Note: Use SLP Series components only.

V₁ Minimum**		H₁ Maximum		H <sub>1</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> Maximum		V <sub>2</sub>	V <sub>1</sub> + V <sub>2</sub> Minimum
90 Elbow Only**		1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	2 ft.	610 mm	*	*
1/2 ft.**	152 mm	1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	4 ft.	1.2 m	*	*
1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	3 ft.	914 mm	6 ft.	1.8 m	*	*
2-1/2 ft.	762 mm	5 ft.	1.5 m	10 ft.	3.0 m	*	*
3-1/2 ft.	1.1 m	7 ft.	2.1 m	14 ft.	4.3 m	*	*
4-1/2 ft.	1.4 m	14 ft.	4.3 m	14 ft.	4.3 m	*	*

 $H_1 + H_2 MAX. = 14 \text{ ft. } (4.3 \text{ m})$ 

\*No specific restrictions on this value EXCEPT  $V_1 + V_2 + H$  CANNOT exceed 40 ft. (12.2 m)  $V_1 + V_2 + H_1 + H_2 \text{ MAX.} = 40 \text{ ft. (12.2 m)}$ \*\* See Warning Below.

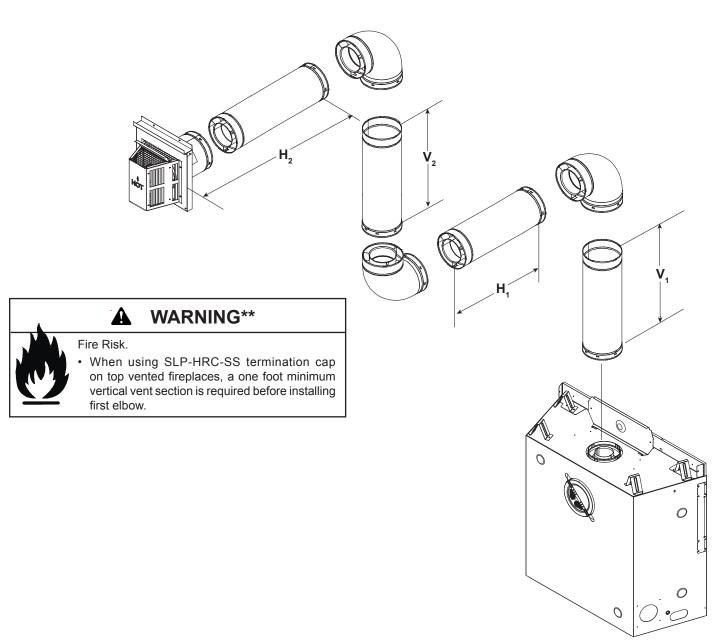


Figure 4.12

# Top Vent - Vertical Termination No Elbows

 $V_1 = 60 \text{ ft. Max. } (18.3 \text{ m})$ 

**Note:** If installing a vertical vent/termination off the top of the appliance, the optional vertical termination baffle may be needed.

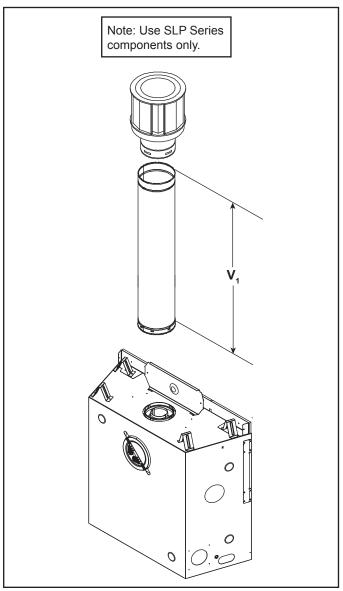


Figure 4.13

Exhaust restrictors are recommended for these vertically terminated products which have excessive draft. Exhaust restrictors will compensate for high draft, and restore visual flame height. If the vent configuration has a total vertical of 15-60 ft. (4.6-18.3 m), an exhaust restrictor may be needed. The exhaust restrictor can be located in the appliance manual bag.

#### **Exhaust restrictor Instructions**

- 1. Install the exhaust restrictor over the center of the exhaust outlet in the firebox. See Figure 4.14.
- Center the exhaust restrictor in the open end of the exhaust outlet and secure through the slots on the exhaust restrictor with the two (2) 1/4 in. (12 mm) selftapping screws provided in the appliance manual bag.

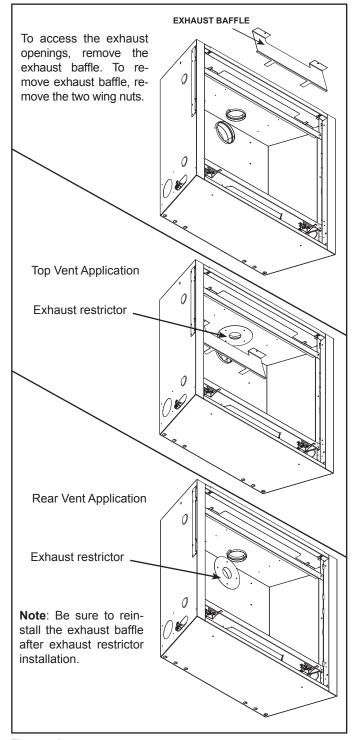


Figure 4.14

# **Top Vent - Vertical Termination - (continued)**

#### Two 90° Elbows

Note: Use SLP Series components only.

V <sub>1</sub> Mir	V <sub>1</sub> Minimum		kimum	V <sub>2</sub>	V <sub>1</sub> + V <sub>2</sub> Minimum
90 Elbow Only		1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	*	*
1/2 ft.	152 mm	2 ft.	610 mm	*	*
1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	3 ft.	914 mm	*	*
2-1/2 ft.	762 mm	5 ft.	1.5 m	*	*
3-1/2 ft.	1.1 m	7 ft.	2.1 m	*	*
4-1/2 ft.	1.4 m	15 ft.	4.6 m	*	*

 $H_1$  MAX. =15 ft. (4.6 m)

\*No specific restrictions on this value EXCEPT  $V_1 + V_2 + H$  CANNOT exceed 40 ft. (12.2 m).  $V_1 + V_2 + H_1 + H_2 \text{ MAX.} = 40 \text{ ft. (12.2 m)}$  $V_1 + V_2 + H_1 \text{ MAX.} = 40 \text{ ft. (12.2 m)}$ 

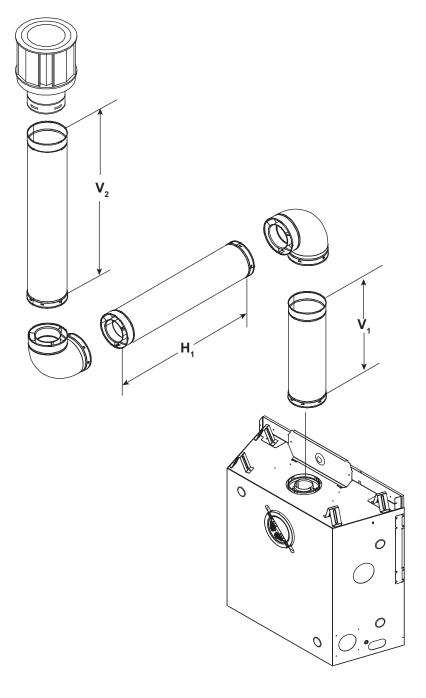


Figure 4.15

# **Top Vent - Vertical Termination - (continued)**

#### **Three Elbows**

Note: Use SLP Series components only.

V <sub>1</sub> Mi	V₁ Minimum		H <sub>1</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> Maximum		V <sub>1</sub> + V <sub>2</sub> Minimum
90 Elbow Only		1/2 ft.	152 mm	*	*
1/2 ft.	152 mm	1 ft.	305 mm	*	*
1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	2 ft.	610 mm	*	*
2-1/2 ft.	762 mm	4 ft.	1.2 m	*	*
3-1/2 ft.	1.1 m	6 ft.	1.8 m	*	*
4-1/2 ft.	1.4 m	14 ft.	4.3 m	*	*

 $\label{eq:H1} H_1 + H_2 \text{ MAX.} = 14 \text{ ft. (4.3 m)}$  \*No specific restrictions on this value EXCEPT V $_1$  + V $_2$  + H CANNOT exceed 40 ft. (12.2 m).  $V_1 + V_2 + H_1 + H_2 MAX. = 40 \text{ ft. (12.2 m)}$ 

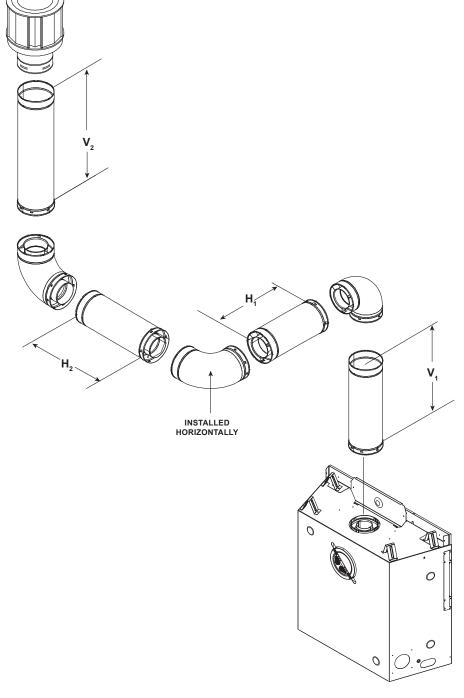


Figure 4.16

# **Top Vent - Vertical Termination - (continued)**

# Four 90° Elbows

Note: Use SLP Series components only.

V <sub>1</sub> MIN.		H <sub>1</sub> MAX.		V <sub>2</sub> MIN.		H <sub>2</sub> MAX.		V <sub>3</sub> MIN.	
1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	4 ft.	1.2 m	4 ft.	1.2 m	4 ft.	1.2 m	3-1/2 ft.	1.1 m
$V_1 + V_2 + V_{3+}H_1 + H_2$ Maximum= 40 ft. (12.2 m)									

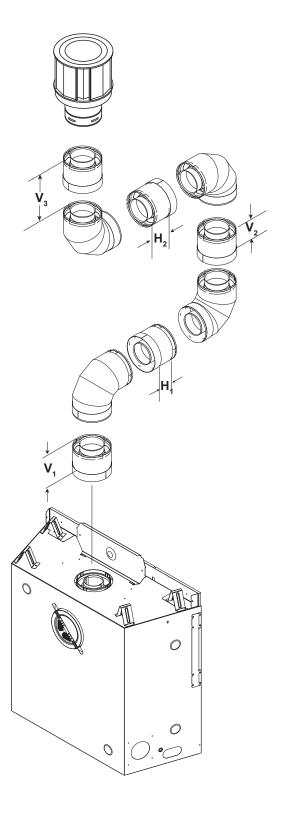


Figure 4.17

# Note: Use DVP Series components only. Note: Use DVP Series components only.

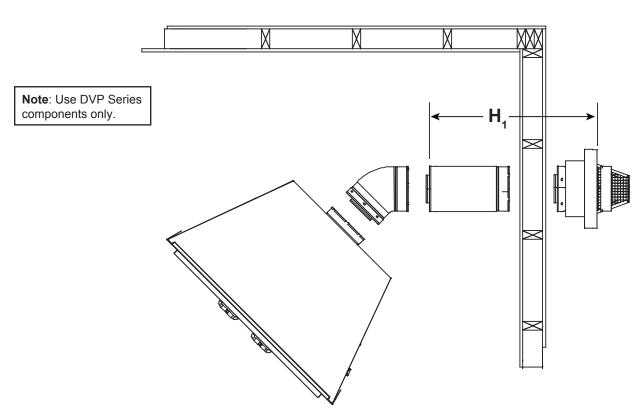


Figure 4.18

One 45° Elbow

H<sub>1</sub> = 9 in. (229 mm) Maximum

#### Rear Vent - Horizontal Termination - (continued)

#### **Two Elbows**

Note: Use DVP Series components only.

H <sub>1</sub> MAX.		<b>V</b> <sub>1</sub>	MIN.	H <sub>2</sub>	MAX.	H <sub>1</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> MAX.		
1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	Back to b	ack elbows	1 ft.	305 mm	2-1/2 ft.	762 mm	
3 ft.	914 mm	1 ft.	305 mm	3 ft.	914 mm	6 ft.	1.8 m	
5 ft.	1.5 m	3 ft.	914 mm	5 ft.	1.5 m	10 ft.	3.0 m	
7 ft.	2.1 m	5 ft.	1.5 m	7 ft.	2.1 m	14 ft.	4.3 m	

 $H_1$  MAX. = 7 ft. (2.1 m)  $H_1 + H_2 MAX = 14 \text{ ft. } (4.3 \text{ m})$   $V_1 + H_1 + H_2 MAX = 40 \text{ ft. } (12.2 \text{ m})$ 

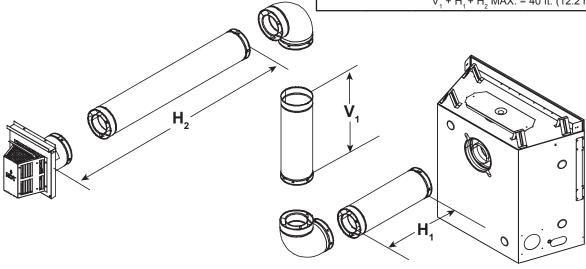


Figure 4.20

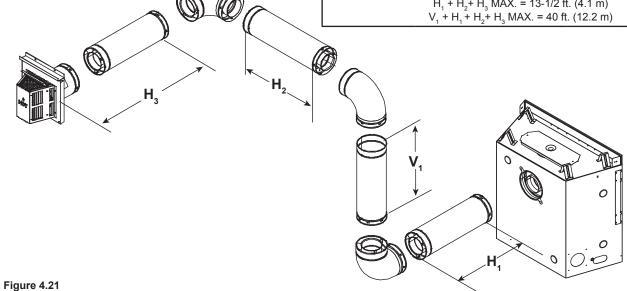
#### **Three Elbows**

Note: Use DVP Series components only.

> **INSTALLED** HORIZONTALLY

	H, I	MAX.	V <sub>1</sub>	MIN.	H <sub>2</sub> +	H <sub>3</sub> MAX.	H <sub>1</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>3</sub> MAX.		
ľ	1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	Back to I	oack elbows	1 ft.	305 mm	2-1/2 ft.	762 mm	
[	3-1/2 ft.	1.1 m	1 ft.	305 mm	2 ft.	610 mm	5-1/2 ft.	1.7 m	
ţ	5-1/2 ft.	1.7 m	2 ft.	610 mm	4 ft.	1.2 m	9-1/2 ft.	2.9 m	
	7-1/2 ft.	2.3 m	3 ft.	914 mm	6 ft.	1.8 m	13-1/2 ft.	4.1 m	

 $H_1$  MAX. = 7-1/2 ft. (2.3 m)  $H_1 + H_2 + H_3 \text{ MAX.} = 13-1/2 \text{ ft. (4.1 m)}$   $V_1 + H_1 + H_2 + H_3 \text{ MAX.} = 40 \text{ ft. (12.2 m)}$ 



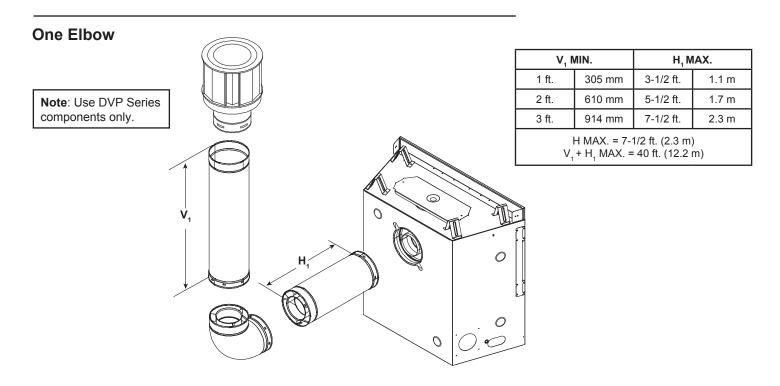


Figure 4.22

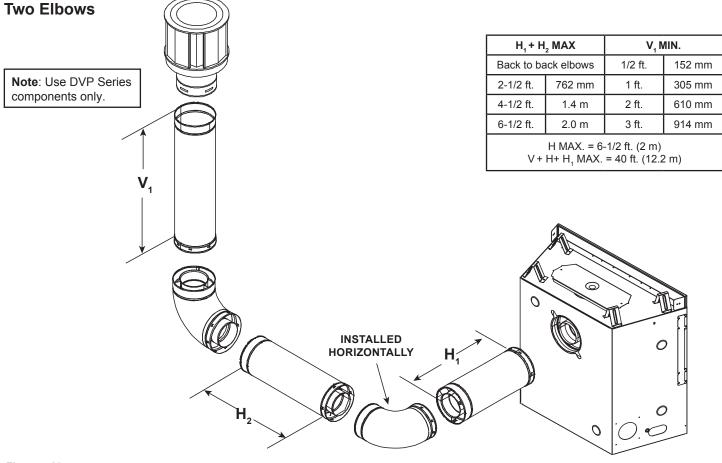


Figure 4.23

# Rear Vent - Vertical Termination - (continued)

#### **Three Elbows**

V <sub>1</sub> MIN.		H, MAX.		H <sub>2</sub> N	H <sub>2</sub> MAX.		H <sub>1</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> MAX.		V <sub>1</sub> + V <sub>2</sub> Minimum
Back to ba	ack elbows	1-1/2 ft.	457 mm	1 ft.	305 mm	2-1/2 ft.	762 mm	*	*
1 ft.	305 mm	3-1/2 ft.	1.1 m	3 ft.	914 mm	6-1/2 ft.	2.0 m	*	*
2 ft.	610 mm	5-1/2 ft.	1.7 m	5 ft.	1.5 m	10-1/2 ft.	3.2 m	*	*
3 ft.	914 mm	7-1/2 ft.	2.3 m	7 ft.	2.1 m	14-1/2 ft.	4.4 m	*	*

 $H_1$  MAX. = 7-1/2 ft. (2.3 m)

\*No specific restrictions on this value EXCEPT  $V_1 + V_2 + H$  CANNOT exceed 40 ft. (12.2 m)

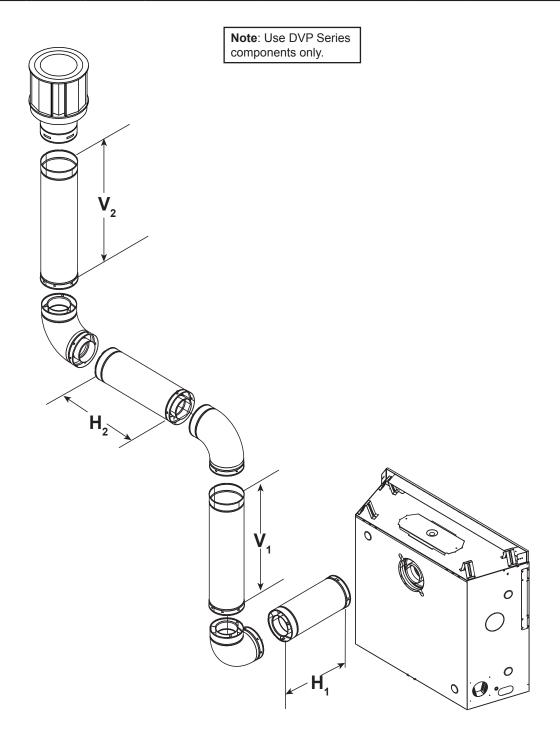


Figure 4.24

#### **Three Elbows**

**Note**: Use DVP Series components only.

H <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	H₃	V₁ Mir	imum	H <sub>1</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>3</sub>	Maximum
*	*	*	8 ft.	2.44 m	6 ft.	1.83 m
*	*	*	9 ft.	2.74 m	7 ft.	2.13 m
*	*	*	10 ft.	3.05 m	8 ft.	2.44 m
*	*	*	10 ft.	3.05 m	8 ft.	2.44 m

 $V_1 + H_1 + H_2 + H_3 = 32 \text{ ft. (9.75 m) Maximum}$ \*No specific restrictions on this value EXCEPT  $V_1 + H_1 + H_2 + H_3 \text{ cannot exceed } 32 \text{ ft. (9.75 m) Maximum}$   $H_1 + H_2 + H_3 = 8 \text{ ft. (2.44 m) Maximum}$ 

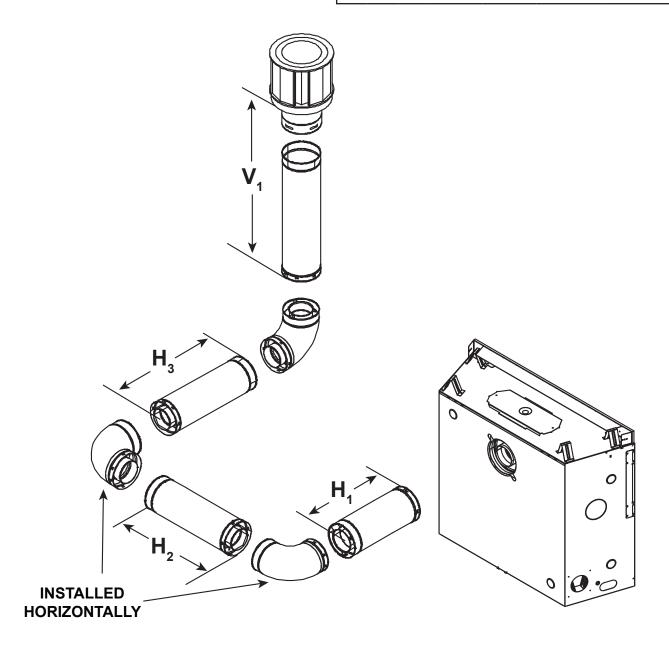


Figure 4.25

# **Vent Clearances and Framing**

#### A. Pipe Clearances to Combustibles

WARNING! Risk of Fire! Maintain air space clearance to vent. DO NOT pack insulation or other combustibles:

- · Between ceiling firestops
- · Between wall shield firestops
- · Around vent system

Failure to keep insulation or other material away from vent pipe could cause overheating and fire.

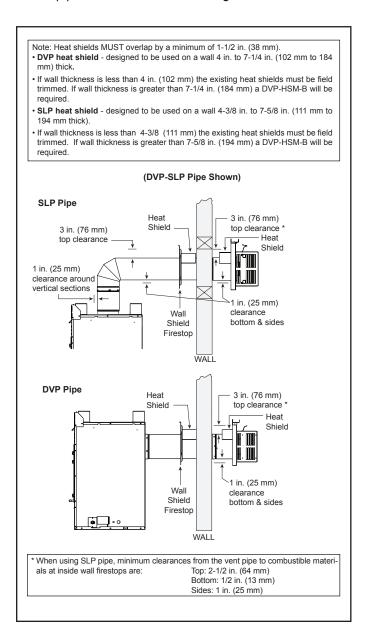


Figure 5.1 Horizontal Venting Clearances To Combustible Materials - Generic Appliance Shown

#### **Elbow Heat Shield**

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire! Elbow heat shield **MUST** be installed if required. Overheating will occur.

Top vented appliances: Installation of the elbow heat shield is required when the clearance to combustible material above the first 90 degree vent elbow is six inches or less. See Figure 5.2.

**Note:** A minimum of three inches clearance from the top of the pipe to any combusible material must <u>always</u> be maintained.

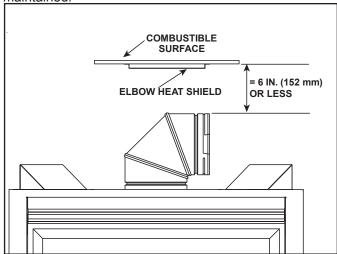


Figure 5.2 Conditions Requiring Elbow Heat Shield Installation

#### To Install Elbow Heat Shield:

- Remove the elbow heat shield from the shipping position by removing screws.
- 2. Fasten the shield in place using the four pilot holes. The shield should be oriented such that the 13 1/8 inch dimension (longest dimension) is running in the same direction the elbow is pointing. The shield should be centered directly above the elbow, and positioned so that it creates a 1/2 inch airspace between the shield and the combustible surface. See Figure 5.3.

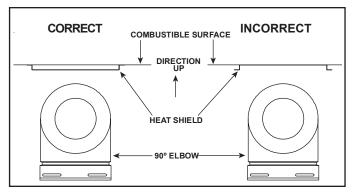


Figure 5.3

#### B. Wall Penetration Framing/Firestops

#### **Combustible Wall Penetration**

Whenever a combustible wall is penetrated, you must frame a hole for the wall shield firestop(s). The wall shield firestop maintains minimum clearances and prevents cold air infiltration.

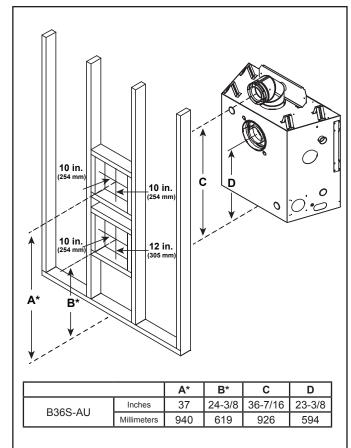
These clearances are maintained by using an SLP-WS (SLP pipe) or DVP-WS (DVP pipe). See Figure 5.4 for framing instructions.

- For external walls: The wall shield firestop is included with the termination cap assembly.
- For internal walls: A wall shield firestop must be purchased and installed.
- The opening must be framed on all four sides using the same size framing materials as those used in the wall construction.
- SLP pipe A wall shield firestop must be placed on each side of an interior wall. A minimum 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) overlap of attached heat shields must be maintained.
- DVP pipe A wall shield firestop is required on one side only on interior walls. If your local inspector requires a wall shield firestop on both sides, then both wall shield firestops must have a heat shield (refer to Section 12.A) attached to them.
- See Section 7.F for information for regarding the installation of a horizontal termination cap.

#### **Non-Combustible Wall Penetration**

If the hole being penetrated is surrounded by non-combustible materials such as concrete, a hole with diameter one inch greater than the pipe is acceptable.

Whenever a non-combustible wall is penetrated, the wall shield firestop is only required on one side and no heat shield is necessary.



<sup>\*</sup> Shows center of vent framing hole for top or rear venting. The center of the hole is one (1) inch (25 mm) above the center of the horizontal vent pipe.

Figure 5.4 Wall Penetration

#### C. Ceiling Firestop/Floor Penetration Framing

**WARNING!** Fire Risk. The use of an attic shield is required to prevent loose materials or insulation from contacting the vent causing overheating and a fire.

A ceiling firestop **MUST** be used between floors and attics.

- DVP pipe only Frame an opening 10 in. by 10 in. (254 mm by 254 mm) whenever the vent penetrates a ceiling/floor (see Figure 5.5).
- SLP pipe only Frame opening 9 in. x 9 in. (229 mm x 229 mm) whenever the vent penetrates a ceiling/floor. See Figure 5.5.
- Frame the area with the same sized lumber as used in ceiling/floor joist.
- The ceiling firestop may be installed above or below the ceiling joists when installed with an attic insulation shield. It must be under joists between floors that are not insulated. See Figure 5.6.
- · Secure in place with nails or screws.

#### D. Install Attic Insulation Shield

**WARNING!** Fire Risk. The use of an attic shield is required to prevent loose materials or insulation from contacting the vent causing overheating and a fire.

The International Fuel Gas Code requires an attic shield constructed of 26 gauge minimum steel that extends at least 2 in. (51 mm) above insulation.

- Attic insulation shields must meet specified clearances to combustible materials and be secured in place.
- An attic insulation shield kit is available from Hearth & Home Technologies. Contact your dealer to order. Install attic insulation shield according to instructions included with kit.

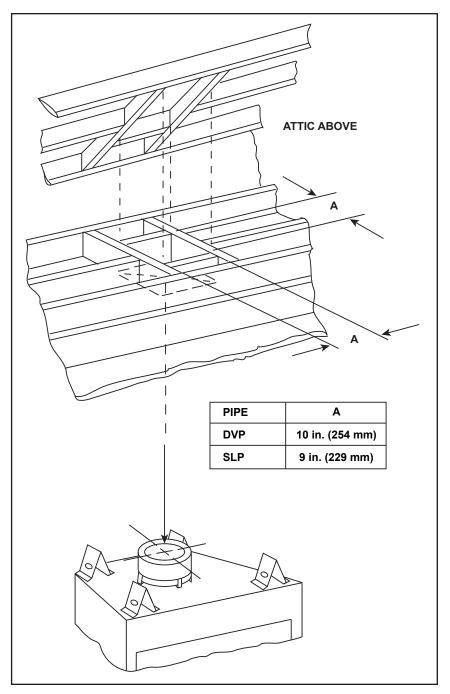


Figure 5.5 Installing Ceiling Firestop - Generic Appliance Shown

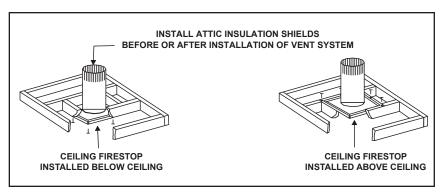


Figure 5.6 Installing the Attic Shield

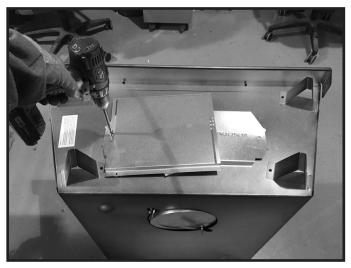
# **Appliance Preparation**

#### A. Vent Collar Preparation

**CAUTION!** Risk of Cuts, Abrasions or Flying Debris. Wear protective gloves and safety glasses during installation. Sheet metal edges are sharp.

**NOTICE:** Once appliance is set up for top or rear venting, it CANNOT be changed at a later time.

#### **Top Vent**



**Figure 6.1** For top vent, remove the screw holding the elbow heat shield in place.



**Figure 6.2** For top vent, remove the two screws holding the top heat shield in place.

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire! Do not remove heat shield. Elevated header temperatures may cause a fire.



**Figure 6.3** Rotate the top heat shield to the vertical position as shown above. The heat shield must remain in the vertical position.

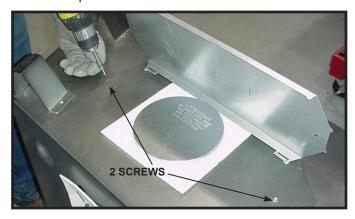


Figure 6.4 Replace the two screws as shown.

**Note**: Actual unit may look different than the fireplace shown in this section.



Figure 6.5 Remove the seal cap.

**NOTICE:** Once the seal cap has been removed it CANNOT be reattached.



**Figure 6.6** Remove the insulation basket and white insulation from the center vent pipe.



Figure 6.7 Remove the insulation from the outer vent pipe.

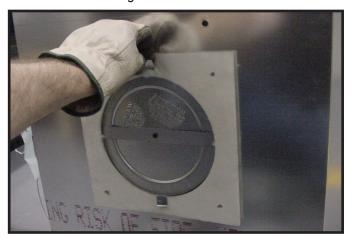


**Figure 6.8** To attach the first section of vent pipe, make sure to use the fiberglass gasket to seal between the first vent component and the outer fireplace wrap. Use 2 self tapping screws to secure the gasket to the outer wrap.

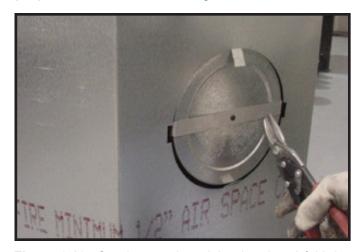
**Note:** Once the seal cap has been removed, it cannot be reattached.

#### **Rear Vent**

**NOTICE:** Once appliance is set up for top or rear venting, it CANNOT be changed at a later time.



**Figure 6.9** Fold the tabs toward the center of the fire plug (90°) and remove the insulation gasket.

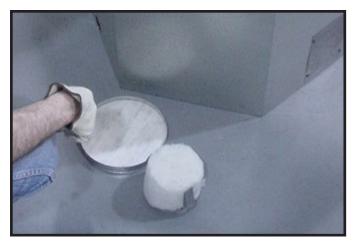


**Figure 6.10** Cut the metal retaining band and fold the sides out.



**Figure 6.11** Fold the center parts of the retaining band out and use to remove the seal cap.

**NOTICE:** Once the seal cap has been removed it CANNOT be reattached.



**Figure 6.12** Discard the seal cap, remove and discard the insulation basket.



**Figure 6.13** Attach the first vent section (it will snap into place). Slide the insulation gasket onto the vent section, up against the appliance and over the tabs. Use two self-tapping screws to secure gasket to outer wrap.

#### B. Securing and Leveling the Appliance

WARNING! Risk of Fire! Prevent contact with:

- Sagging or loose insulation
- · Insulation backing or plastic
- · Framing and other combustible materials

Block openings into the chase to prevent entry of blownin insulation. Make sure insulation and other materials are secured.

**DO NOT** notch the framing around the appliance standoffs.

Failure to maintain air space clearance could cause overheating and fire.

The diagram shows how to properly position, level, and secure the appliance. See Figure 6.14. Nailing tabs are provided to secure the appliance to the framing members.

- · Bend out nailing tabs on each side.
- · Place the appliance into position.
- · Keep nailing tabs flush with the framing.
- Plum, square and level the appliance from side to side and front to back.
- Shim the appliance as necessary, keeping the bottom supported, level and straight. It is acceptable to use wood shims underneath the appliance.
- Place a level on top, sides and bottom as shown in Figure 6.14.
- Secure the appliance to the framing by using nails or screws through the nailing tabs.
- Optional: Secure the appliance to the floor by inserting two screws through the pilot holes at the bottom of the appliance.

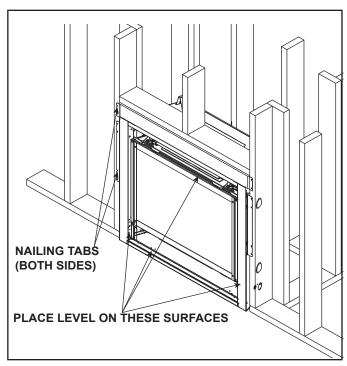


Figure 6.14 Proper Positioning, Leveling And Securing
Of An Appliance

# 7

# **Venting and Chimneys**

#### A. Assemble Vent Sections

#### **DVP Pipe Only**

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire or Explosion! Vent sections MUST be installed correctly. Improperly installed vent sections could leak or cause appliance to overheat.

#### **Attach Vent to the Firebox Assembly**

**Note:** The end of the pipe sections with the lanced tabs will face toward the appliance.

Attach the first pipe section to the starting collar:

- · Lanced pipe end of the starting collar.
- · Inner pipe over inner collar.
- Push the pipe section until all lanced tabs snap in place.
- · Lightly tug on pipe to confirm it has locked.

Requirement for Commercial, Multi-family (Multi-level exceeding two stories), or High-Rise Applications

WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion! DO NOT break silicone seals on slip sections. Use care when removing termination cap from slip pipe. If slip section seals are broken during removal of the termination cap, vent could leak.

All outer pipe joints must be sealed using one of the methods below, including the slip section that connects directly to the horizontal termination cap.

Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F (149 °C) minimum continuous exposure rating) inside the female outer pipe joint prior to joining sections. See Figure 7.1 OR

Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F (149 °C) minimum continuous exposure rating) to the outside of connecting joint after joining sections **OR** 

Apply aluminum foil tape (300 °F (149 °C) minimum continuous exposure rating) to the outside of connecting joint after joining sections. On horizontal pipe runs, it is recommended that the tape seam is positioned on the bottom side of the vent pipe.

 Only outer pipes need to be sealed. All unit collar, pipe, slip section, elbow and cap outer flues shall be sealed in this manner, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Assemble Pipe Sections**

Per Figure 7.2:

- Start the inner pipe on the lanced end of section A into the flared end of section B.
- Start the outer pipe of section A over the outer pipe of section B.
- Once both vents sections are started, push firmly until all lanced tabs lock into place.
- Lightly tug on the pipe to confirm the tabs have locked.

It is acceptable to use screws no longer than 1/2 in. (13 mm) to hold outer pipe sections together. If predrilling holes, **DO NOT** penetrate inner pipe.

For 90° and 45° elbows that are changing the vent direction from horizontal to vertical, one screw minimum should be put in the outer flue at the horizontal elbow joint to prevent the elbow from rotating. Use screws no longer than 1/2 in. (13 mm). If predrilling screw holes, **DO NOT** penetrate inner pipe.

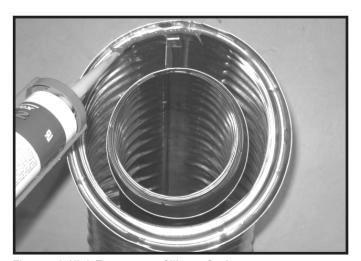


Figure 7.1 High Temperature Silicone Sealant

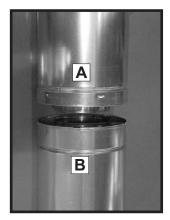


Figure 7.2

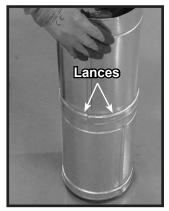


Figure 7.3

**Note:** Make sure that the seams are not aligned to prevent unintentional disconnection.



**CORRECT** 



**INCORRECT** 

Figure 7.4 Seams

**NOTICE:** When installing a vent system with an HRC termination cap, all pipe system joints shall be sealed using a high temperature silicone sealant (300 °F (149 °C) minimum continuous exposure rating).

- Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F (149 °C) minimum continuous exposure rating) inside the female outer pipe joint prior to joining sections.
- Only outer pipes are sealed, sealing the inner flue is not required.
- All unit collar, pipe, slip section, elbow and cap outer flues shall be sealed.

## Assemble Vent Sections SLP Pipe Only

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire or Explosion! Vent sections MUST be installed correctly. Improperly installed vent sections could leak or cause appliance to overheat.

To attach the first vent component to the starting collars of the appliance:

- Lock the vent components into place by sliding the pipe section onto the collar.
- Align the seam of the pipe and seam of collar to allow engagement. Rotate the vent component to lock into place. Use this procedure for all vent components. See Figure 7.5.
- Slide the gasket over the first vent section and place it flush to the appliance. This will prevent cold air infiltration.
   Caulk with a minimum of 300 °F (149 °C) continuous exposure rating may be used to hold the part in place.
- Continue adding vent components, locking each succeeding component into place.
- Ensure that each succeeding vent component is securely fitted and locked into the preceding component.

It is acceptable to use screws no longer than 1/2 in. (13 mm) to hold outer pipe sections together. If predrilling holes, **DO NOT** penetrate inner pipe.

### Requirement for Commercial, Multi-family (Multi-level exceeding two stories), or High-Rise Applications

All outer pipe joints must be sealed using one of the methods below, including the slip section that connects directly to the horizontal termination cap.

Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F (149 °C) minimum continuous exposure rating) inside the female outer pipe joint prior to joining sections. See Figure 7.1 OR

Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating) to the outside of connecting joint after joining sections **OR** 

Apply aluminum foil tape (300 °F (149 °C) minimum continuous exposure rating) to the outside of connecting joint after joining sections. On horizontal pipe runs, it is recommended that the tape seam is positioned on the bottom side of the vent pipe.

 Only outer pipes need to be sealed. All unit collar, pipe, slip section, elbow and cap outer flues shall be sealed in this manner, unless otherwise stated.

WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion! DO NOT break silicone seals on slip sections. Use care when removing termination cap from slip pipe. If slip section seals are broken during removal of the termination cap, vent could leak.

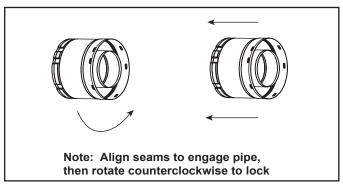


Figure 7.5 Adding Venting Components

**NOTICE:** When installing a vent system with an HRC termination cap, all pipe system joints shall be sealed using a high temperature silicone sealant (300 °F minimum continuous exposure rating).

- Apply a bead of silicone sealant (300 °F (149 °C) minimum continuous exposure rating) inside the female outer pipe joint prior to joining sections.
- Only outer pipes are sealed, sealing the inner flue is not required.
- All unit collar, pipe, slip section, elbow and cap outer flues shall be sealed.

#### **B.** Assemble Slip Sections

- Slide the inner flue of the slip section into the inner flue of the pipe section and the outer flue of the slip section over the outer flue of the pipe section. See Figure 7.6.
- · Slide together to the desired length.

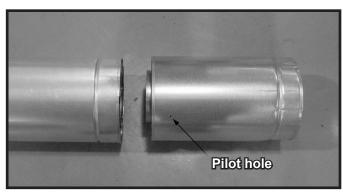


Figure 7.6 Slip Section Pilot Holes

- Maintain a 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) overlap between the slip section and the pipe section.
- Secure the pipe and slip section with two screws no longer than 1/2 in. (13 mm), using the pilot holes in the slip section. See Figure 7.7.

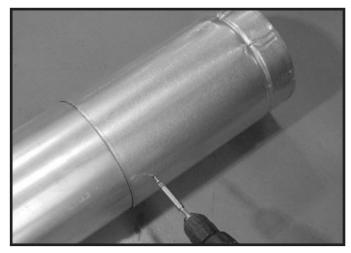


Figure 7.7 Screws into Slip Section

 Continue adding pipe as necessary following instructions in "Assembling Pipe Sections."

**NOTICE:** If slip section is too long, the inner and outer flues of the slip section can be cut to the desired length.

#### C. Secure the Vent Sections

- Vertical runs originating off the top of the appliance, with no offsets, must be supported every 8 ft. (2.44 m) after the maximum allowed 25 ft. (7.62 m) of unsupported rise.
- Vertical runs originating off the rear of the appliance, or after any elbow, must be supported every 8 ft. (2.44 m).
- Horizontal runs must be supported every 5 feet (1.52 m).
- Vent supports or plumbers strap (spaced 120° apart) may be used to support vent sections. See Figures 7.8 and 7.9.
- Wall shield firestops may be used to provide horizontal support to vent sections.
- SLP ceiling firestops have tabs that may be used to provide vertical support.

WARNING! Risk of Fire, Explosion or Asphyxiation! Improper support could allow vent to sag and separate. Use vent run supports and connect vent sections per installation instructions. DO NOT allow vent to sag below connection point to appliance.

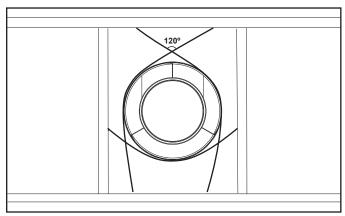


Figure 7.8 Securing Vertical Pipe Sections

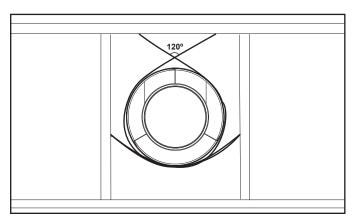


Figure 7.9 Securing Horizontal Pipe Sections

#### D. Disassemble Vent Sections

- Rotate either section (see Figure 7.10) so the seams on both pipe sections are aligned as shown in Figure 7.11.
- · Pull carefully to separate the pieces of pipe.

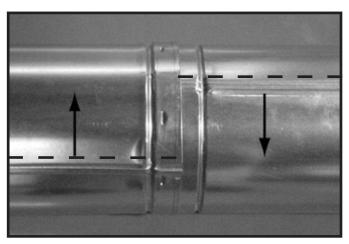


Figure 7.10 Rotate Seams for Disassembly

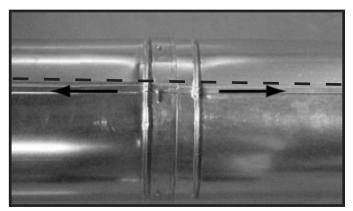


Figure 7.11 Align and Disassemble Vent Sections

## E. Vertical Termination Requirements Install and Seal Metal Roof Flashing

- See minimum vent heights for various pitched roofs (Section 4, Figure 4.1) to determine the length of pipe to extend through the roof.
- Slide the roof flashing over the pipe sections extending through the roof as shown in Figure 7.12.
- Use an elastomeric or silicone sealant with a minimum of 150 °F (66 °C) temperature rating to seal the metal roof flashing.

**NOTICE:** Failure to properly seal the roof flashing and pipe seams could permit entry of water.

- Seal the gap between the roof flashing and the outside diameter of the pipe.
- Seal the perimeter of the flashing where it contacts the roof surface. See Figure 7.12.
- Seal the exposed pipe section seams that are located above the roof.

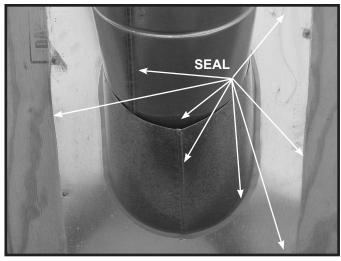


Figure 7.12

#### **Assemble and Install Storm Collar**

**CAUTION!** Risk of Cuts, Abrasions or Flying Debris. Wear protective gloves and safety glasses during installation. Sheet metal edges are sharp.

- Slide the storm collar onto the exposed pipe section and align brackets.
- Insert a bolt (provided) through the brackets and install nut. Do not completely tighten.



Figure 7.13 insert Bolt into Brackets

- Slide the assembled storm collar down the pipe section until it rests on the roof flashing (see Figure 7.13).
- Tighten nut and make sure the collar is tight against the pipe section.
- Seal around the top of the storm collar. See Figure 7.14.

#### **Install Vertical Termination Cap**

- Attach the vertical termination cap by sliding the inner collar of the cap into the inner flue of the pipe section while placing the outer collar of the cap over the outer flue of the pipe section.
- Secure the cap by driving three self-tapping screws (supplied) through the pilot holes in the outer collar of the cap into the outer flue of the pipe (see Figure 7.14).

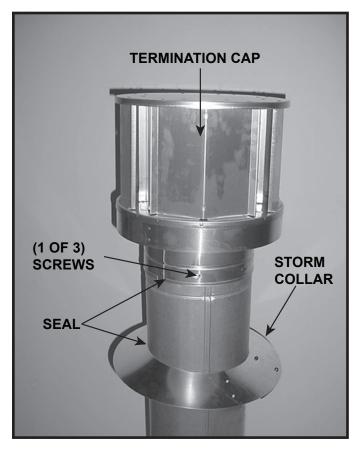


Figure 7.14

# F. Horizontal Termination Requirements Heat Shield Requirements for Horizontal Termination

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire! To prevent overheating and fire, heat shields must extend through the entire wall thickness.

- **DO NOT** remove the heat shields attached to the wall shield firestop and the horizontal termination cap (shown in Figure 7.15).
- Heat shields must overlap 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) minimum.

There are two sections of the heat shield. One section is factory-attached to the wall shield firestop. The other section is factory-attached to the cap. See Figure 7.15.

If the wall thickness does not allow the required 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) heat shield overlap when installed, an extended heat shield must be used.

- If the wall thickness is less than 4 in. (102 mm) (DVP) or 4-3/8 in. (111 mm) (SLP), the heat shields on the cap and wall shield firestop must be trimmed. A minimum 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) overlap MUST be maintained.
- Use an extended heat shield if the finished wall thickness is greater than 7-1/4 in. (184 mm).
- The extended heat shield may need to be cut to length maintaining sufficient length for a 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) overlap between heat shields.
- Attach the extended heat shield to either of the existing heat shields using the screws supplied with the extended heat shield. Refer to vent components diagrams in the back of this manual.
- Rest the small leg on the extended heat shield on top of the pipe section to properly space it from the pipe section.

**Important Notice:** Heat shields may <u>not</u> be field constructed.

### Install Horizontal Termination Cap (DVP and SLP Pipe)

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire! The telescoping flue section of the termination cap MUST be used when connecting vent.

• 1-1/2 (38 mm) minimum overlap of flue telescoping section is required.

Failure to maintain overlap could cause overheating and fire.

- Vent termination must not be recessed in the wall. Siding may be brought to the edge of the cap base.
- Flash and seal as appropriate for siding material at outside edges of cap.

**CAUTION!** Risk of Burns! Local codes may require installation of a cap shield to prevent anything or anyone from touching the hot cap.

**NOTICE:** For certain exposures which require superior resistance to wind-driven rain penetration, a flashing kit and HRC caps are available. When penetrating a brick wall, a brick extension kit is available for framing the brick.

**Note:** When using termination caps with factory-supplied heat shield attached, no additional wall shield firestop is required on the exterior side of a combustible wall.

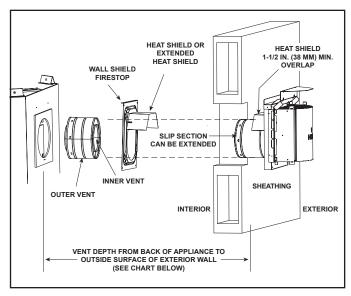


Figure 7.15 Venting Through the Wall - Generic Appliance Shown

### Termination Cap Specification Chart (depth without using additional pipe sections)

	-			
	DVP-TRAPK1	DVP-TRAP1	DVP-TRAPK2	DVP-TRAP2
B36S-AU	Top Vent	Rear Vent	Top Vent	Rear Vent
	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Depth</u>
	N/A	3-1/8 in. to	N/A	5-1/2 in. to 9-1/2 in.
		5 in. (79 mm to		9-1/2 III. (140 mm to
		127 mm)		241 mm)
	DVP-HPC1	DVP-HPC1	DVP-HPC2	DVP-HPC2
	Top Vent	Rear Vent	Top Vent	Rear Vent
	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Depth</u>
	N/A	3-1/8 in. to	N/A	5-1/4 in. to
		5-1/4 in. (79 mm to		9-3/8 in. (133 mm to
		133 mm)		238 mm)

DVP-TRAP1 can adjust 1-1/2 in. (3-1/8 to 4-5/8) 38 mm (79 mm to 117 mm)

DVP-TRAP2 can adjust 4 in. (5-3/8 to 9-3/8) 102 mm ( 143 mm to 244 mm)

DVP-HPC1 can adjust 2-1/8 in. (4-1/4 to 6-3/8) 54 mm (32 mm to 162 mm)

DVP-HPC2 can adjust 4-1/8 in. (6-3/8 to 10-1/2) 105 mm (162 mm to 267 mm)

SLP-TRAP1 can adjust 1-5/8 in. (3-1/8 to 4-3/4) 41 mm (79 mm to 121 mm)

SLP-TRAP2 can adjust 4 in. (5-1/4 to 9-1/4) 102 mm ( 133 mm to 124 mm)

## 8 Electrical Information

#### A. General Information

**WARNING!** Risk of Shock or Explosion! DO NOT wire 220/240 VAC to the valve or to the appliance wall switch. Incorrect wiring will damage controls.

- Wire the appliance junction cord to unswitched 220/240 VAC. This is required for proper operation of the appliance.
- A 220/240 VAC circuit for this product must be protected with ground-fault circuit-interrupter protection, in compliance with the applicable electrical codes, when it is installed in locations such as in bathrooms or near sinks.
- Low voltage and 220/240 VAC voltage cannot be shared within the same wall box.

#### **Electrical Service and Repair**

**WARNING!** Risk of Shock! Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

**WARNING!** Risk of injury! The gas supply shall be shut off prior to disconnecting the electrical power and removing batteries (if installed) before proceeding with any maintenance to the appliance.

**WARNING!** Risk of Shock! Replace damaged wire with type 105 °C rated wire. Wire must have high temperature insulation.

#### **Accessories Requirements**

 This appliance may be used with a wall switch, wall mounted thermostat and/or a remote control.

Wiring for optional Hearth & Home Technologies approved accessories should be done now to avoid reconstruction. Follow instructions that come with those accessories.

#### **B. Wiring Requirements**

#### IntelliFire™ Plus Ignition System Wiring

 Wire the appliance junction cord to 220/240 VAC for proper operation of the appliance.

WARNING! Risk of Shock or Explosion! DO NOT wire IPI controlled appliance junction cord to a switched circuit. Incorrect wiring will override IPI safety lockout.

- · Refer to Figure 8.1, IPI Wiring Diagram.
- This appliance is equipped with an IntelliFire™ Plus control valve which operates on a 6VDC/1.5A system.
- Plug the 6DVC power adapter plug into the appliance junction cord to supply power to the appliance OR install 4 AA cell batteries (not included) into the battery pack before use.

**NOTICE:** Batteries should only be used as a power source in the event of an emergency power outage. Batteries should not be used as a primary long-term power source. Battery polarity must be correct when installing batteries. When using batteries as a power source, the 6VDC power adapter must be unplugged from the receptacle.

Do not store batteries in the battery pack when the appliance is powered by the 6VDC power adapter connected to permanent electrical service.

#### **Accessories Requirements**

Wiring for optional Hearth & Home Technologies approved accessories should be done now to avoid reconstruction. Follow instructions that come with those accessories.

#### C. Control Module Operation

See Section 3.I of the Owner's Manual for Control Module Operation.

Hearth & Home Technologies disclaims any responsibility for, and the warranty will be voided by, the following actions:

- · Installation and use of any damaged system component.
- · Modification of the system component.
- Installation other than as instructed by Hearth & Home Technologies.
- Installation and/or use of any component part not approved by Hearth & Home Technologies.

#### Any such action may cause a fire hazard.

 Read, understand and follow these instructions for safe installation and operation.

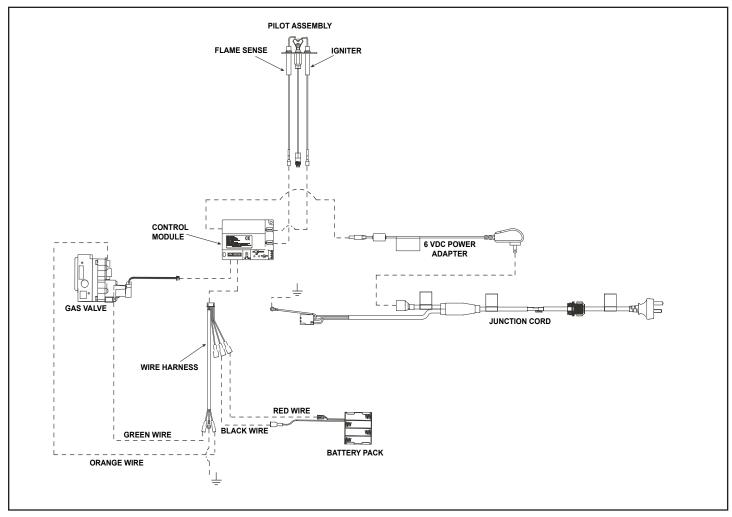


Figure 8.1 IntelliFire™ Plus Wiring Diagram

### 9

#### **Gas Information**

#### A. Fuel Conversion

- Make sure the appliance is compatible with available gas types.
- Conversions must be made by a qualified service technician using Hearth & Home Technologies specified and approved parts.

#### **B.** Gas Pressure

**WARNING!** Risk of Explosion! An in-line regulator MUST be installed if the gas pressure exceeds 3.4 kPa. Failure to install a regulator could damage valve.

Pressure requirements for B36S-AU fireplaces are shown in the table below.

Two taps are provided on the right hand side of the gas control for a test gauge connection to measure the inlet and outlet pressures.

The fireplace and its individual shut-off valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of the system at test pressures in excess of 6 kPa.

If the fireplace must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing an individual shut-off valve, it must be of the handle-less type.

- Optimum appliance performance requires proper input pressures.
- Pressure requirements are:

Gas Pressure	Natural Gas	Propane
Minimum inlet pressure	1.13 kPa	2.75 kPa
Maximum inlet pressure	3.4 kPa	3.4 kPa
Manifold pressure	0.87 kPa	2.49 kPa

WARNING! Risk of Fire or Explosion! High pressure will damage valve. Low pressure could cause explosion.

- Verify inlet pressures. Verify minimum pressures when other household gas appliances are operating.
- Install regulator upstream of valve if line pressure is greater than 3.4 kPa.

#### **A** WARNING



Fire Risk.

Explosion Hazard.

High pressure will damage valve.

- Disconnect gas supply piping BEFORE pressure testing gas line at test pressures above 1/2 psig.
- Close the manual shutoff valve BEFORE pressure testing gas line at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psig.

#### C. Gas Service Access

**Note:** This appliance does include a manual gas shutoff valve that is located in the valve compartment. This manual gas shutoff valve is accessible for service by removing the decorative front. The valve is most accessible if it is located forward in the control cavity of the appliance.

Depending upon local code, an additional manual gas shutoff, in a readily accessible area may be required and located upstream from the appliance.

#### D. Gas Connection

**Note:** Have the gas supply line installed in accordance with local building codes by a qualified installer approved and/or licensed as required by the locality.

**Note:** Before the first firing of the appliance, the gas supply line should be purged of any trapped air.

**Note:** Consult local building regulations to properly size the gas supply line leading to the (Rp 1/2 in.) hook-up at the unit.

Incoming gas line should be piped into the valve compartment and connected to the ISO 7-Rp 1/2 (BSP Rp 1/2) threaded gas inlet connection on the manual shutoff valve.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: (Items 1, 2 and 3 applies to ALL Hearth & Home Technologies gas appliances)

- 1/2 in. (13 mm) GAS LINE: Run through cavity 70 mm above finished hearth level, NOT RIGID, NOT CLIPPED, with minimum 500 mm into cavity and 120 mm back from plaster face.
- PVC (COMPOSITE) GASLINE must terminate minimum 500 mm short of gas heater. Copper pipe MUST be the final connection to the gas heater.
- ISOLATING SWITCH: Location within 1 metre of fireplace, subject to mantel piece etc. Check to ensure it remains clear of any mantelpiece installation.

Leak test all gas line points and the gas control valve prior to and after starting the gas appliance.

#### E. High Altitude Installations

**NOTICE:** If the heating value of the gas has been reduced, these rules do not apply. Check with your local gas utility or authorities having jurisdiction.

When installing above 2000 ft. (610 m) elevation:

Reduce input rate 4% for each 1000 ft. (305 m) above 2000 ft. (610 m).

#### F. Air Shutter Setting

Air shutter settings should be adjusted by a qualified service technician at the time of installation.

#### **Factory Pre-Set Air Shutter Settings**

B36S-AU (NG)	3/16 in. (5 mm)	
B36S-AU (PROPANE)	Full Open (14 mm)	

The Natural Gas Shutter setting is pre-set for the minimum (vertical and horizonal) one elbow horizontally terminating application. For appliance intended to operate with Propane Gas, a conversion kit is required and the air shutter is to be adjusted during the conversion and shutter verification process.

Air shutter settings should be adjusted by a qualified service technician at the time of installation. Adjust air shutter for longer vertical runs. Locate the shutter under the burner attached to the burner neck. See Figure 9.1

- Loosen the 1/4 in. (6 mm) screw.
- · Twist the air shutter to adjust.
- Tighten the 1/4 in. (6 mm) screw.

#### **Shutter Setting Verification / Flame Appearance**

- After 15 minutes, the flames will be a yellow/blue mix.
   The front flames may be blue at this time.
- After 30 minutes, the flames should be yellow with some blue flames near the burner ports.
- · After 1 hour, the flame will be at is maximum maturity.

**NOTICE:** Flames should not appear orange or stretch to the top refractory. If flames are dark orange with dark, smoky tips, provide more primary air to the burner by opening the air shutter accordingly.

**Note:** Visually, a propane flame may differ from a natural gas flame. This is due to the different chemical compositions that make up both fuel types. In general, the propane (LP) flames may be a little shorter and much brighter than a natural gas (NG) flame.

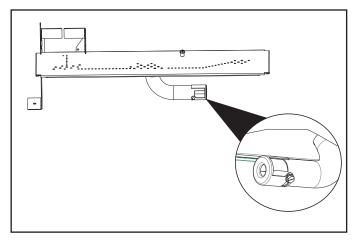


Figure 9.1 Air Shutter Adjustment

## 10 Finishing

#### A. Facing Material

- Metal front faces may be covered with non-combustible materials only.
- Facing and/or finishing materials must not interfere with air flow through louvers, operation of louvers or decorative fronts, or access for service.
- Facing and/or finishing materials must never overhang into the glass opening.
- Observe all clearances when applying combustible materials.
- Confirm that appliance is plum, square and level. See Section 6.
- Seal joints between the finished wall and appliance top and sides using a 300 °F (149 °C) minimum sealant. Refer to Figure 10.1

WARNING! Risk of Fire! DO NOT apply combustible materials beyond the minimum clearances. Comply with all minimum clearances to combustibles as specified in this manual. Overlapping materials could ignite and will interfere with proper operation of decorative barrier fronts and fireplace openings.

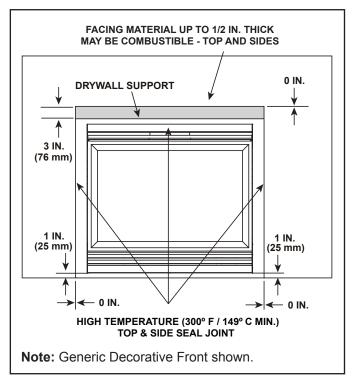


Figure 10.1 Non-combustible Facing Diagram

**NOTICE:** Surface temperatures around the appliance will become warm while the appliance is in operation. Ensure finishing materials used for all surfaces (floor, walls, mantels, etc.) will withstand temperatures up to 190 °F (88 °C).

#### **B. Mantel and Wall Projections**

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire! Comply with all minimum clearances as specified. Framing closer than the minimums listed must be constructed entirely of noncombustible materials (i.e., steel studs, concrete board, etc.)

**Note:** Measurement is taken from top edge of the appliance.

#### **Combustible or Non-Combustible Mantels**

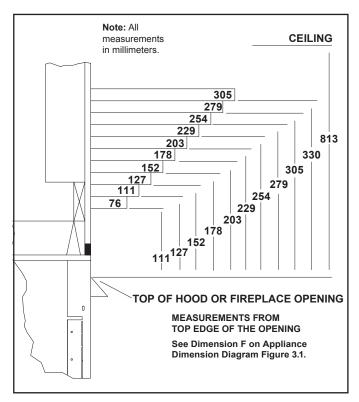


Figure 10.2 Combustible Mantels, Non-Combustible Mantels, and Other Combustibles

#### **Combustible Mantel Legs or Wall Projections**

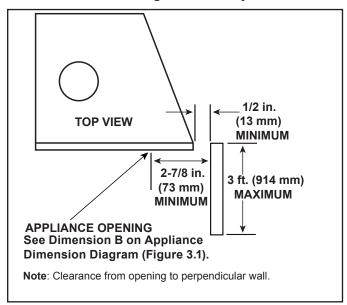


Figure 10.3 Combustible Mantel Leg (Acceptable on both sides of opening)

#### **Combustible Mantel Legs or Wall Projections**

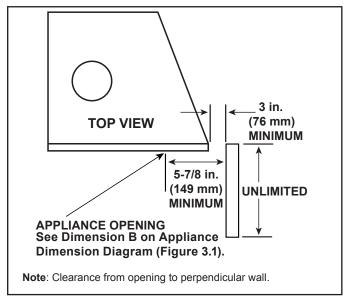


Figure 10.4 Wall Projection (acceptable on one side of opening)

#### **Non-Combustible Mantel Legs or Wall Projections**

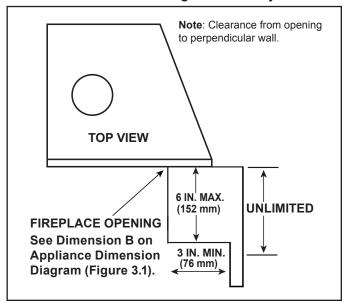


Figure 10.5 Non-Combustible Mantel Leg or Wall Projections (Acceptable on both sides of opening)

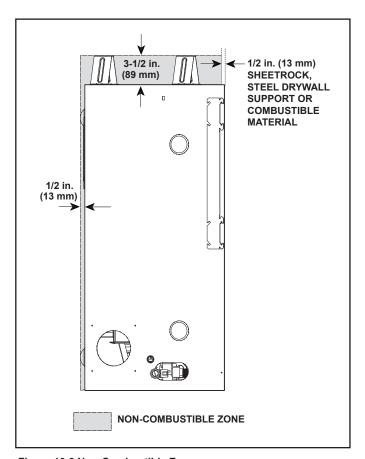


Figure 10.6 Non-Combustible Zone

#### C. Decorative Barrier Front Finishing

Only decorative fronts certified for use with this appliance model may be used. Contact your dealer for a list of decorative barrier fronts that may be used. Once you have determined what kind of decorative front and finishing material is going to be used on the appliance, use the information below which shows the decorative barrier front models and the non-combustible finishing material thickness allowed.

THE GUARD IS FITTED TO THIS APPLIANCE TO REDUCE THE RISK OF FIRE OR INJURY FROM BURNS AND NO PART OF IT SHOULD PERMANENTLY BE REMOVED. FOR PROTECTION OF YOUNG CHILDREN OR THE INFIRM. A SECONDARY GUARD IS REQUIRED.

**Note:** Refer to Section 3 for individual decorative barrier front dimensions as installed on appliance.

### Inside Fit - Firescreen Front (1-4 in. (0-102 mm) Finishing)

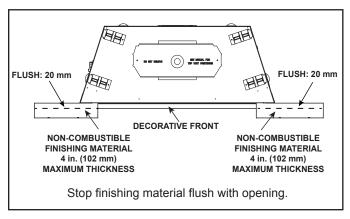


Figure 10.7 Firescreen Decorative Barrier Front

**Flush Mounting Firescreen Front:** 20 mm of non-combustible finishing material may be used to create a flush mounted front. See Figure 10.7.

### Appliance Setup

#### A. Remove the Shipping Materials

Remove shipping materials from inside or underneath the firebox.

• The splatter guard is a piece of corrugated material used to protect the appliance during the installation process before finishing work on the whole hearth is complete. Splatter guards may be factory installed or accompany the door of the unit, depending on the fireplace model. Splatter guards must be removed before appliance is fired.

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire! Close the ball valve before installing the splatter guard to prevent accidental lighting. Remove the splatter guard before lighting the appliance.

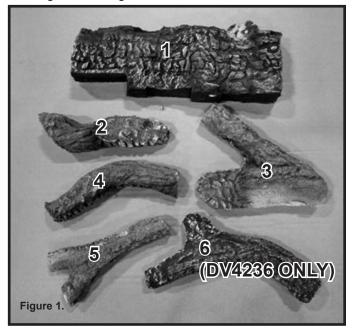
#### B. Clean the Appliance

Clean/vacuum any sawdust that may have accumulated inside the firebox or underneath in the control cavity.

Log Set Assembly: LOGS-3732, LOGS-DV4236

Models: DV3732, DV3732L, MDV3732, DV4236, DV3732-B, DV3732L-B, DV4236-B, MDV3732-B, MDV3732-C, B36S-AU

CAUTION: Logs are fragile, handle with care. See Figure 1 for log identification.



**NOTICE:** DO NOT bend handbend tabs in basepan. They must remain flat for proper log placement.

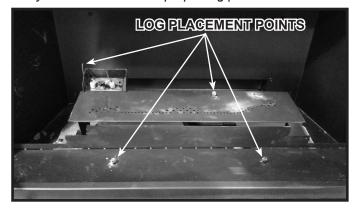
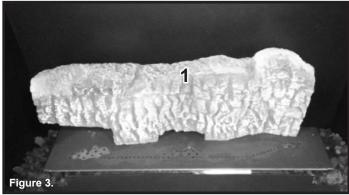
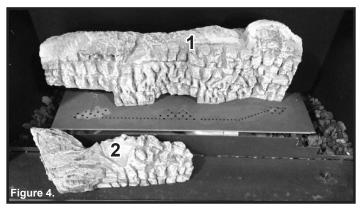


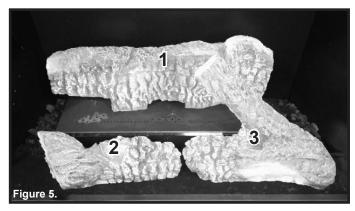
Figure 2. Figure 2 shows the log placement points for LOGS-3732 and LOGS-DV4236. There are three shoulder screws and

a tab on the pilot hood.



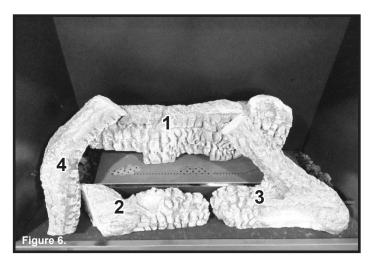
Log #1 SRV2355-701 (LOGS 3732) and SRV2399-701 (LOGS-DV4236): Locate the bottom right hole on Log #1 with the shoulder screw on the burner top. Locate the bottom left hole on Log#1 with the tab on the pilot hood. See Figure 3.





**Log #2 SRV2355-702(LOGS-3732 and LOGS-DV4236)**: Locate the bottom hole on Log #2 with the shoulder screw on the left front side of the base pan. See Figure 4.

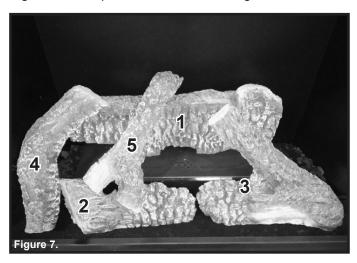
Log #3 SRV2355-703 (LOGS-3732 and LOGS-DV4236): Locate the bottom hole on Log #3 with the shoulder screw on the right front side of the base pan. See Figure 5.



Log #4 SRV2033-711 (LOGS-3732 and LOGS-DV4236):

<u>LOGS-3732:</u> Place the right end of Log #4 on the flat spot on the left side of Log #1 and the left end of Log #4 on the base pan. See Figure 6.

**LOGS-DV4236:** Place the bottom of Log #4 on the base pan, resting it on the return bend. Then place the top end of the log on the flat spot on the left side of Log #1.



**Log #5 (SRV2033-710)**: Place Y section of Log #5 on the flat spot of Log #2 and the right end of Log #5 on the flat spot of Log #1. See Figure 7.



Figure 8. LOGS-DV4236 Installed

#### **LOGS-DV4236 ONLY**

**Log #6 SRV2391-711 (LOGS-DV4236)**: Place the right end of Log #6 on the base pan and the left end onto Logs #1 and #3, so that one limb is touching each log as shown in Figure 8.

#### D. Ember and Lava Rock Placement

#### **Placing the Ember Material**

**WARNING!** Risk of Explosion! Follow ember placement instructions in manual. DO NOT place embers directly over burner ports. Replace ember material annually. Improperly placed embers interfere with proper burner operation. Ember material is shipped with this gas appliance.

#### To place the ember material:

- Embers CANNOT be placed in pilot bracket area. See Figure 11.1. Care should be taken not to cover the lighting trail of ports (from back to front).
- When placing Glowing Embers® onto the burner care should be taken so that the ports are not covered. Place the dime-size ember pieces near the port holes in the burner top (see Figure 11.1). Failure to follow this procedure will likely cause lighting and sooting problems...
- Save the remaining ember materials for use during appliance servicing. The embers provided should be enough for 3 to 5 applications.

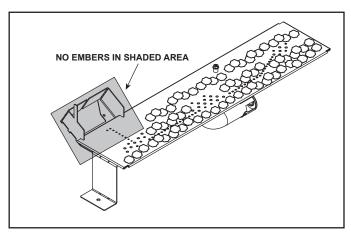


Figure 11.1 Placement of Embers

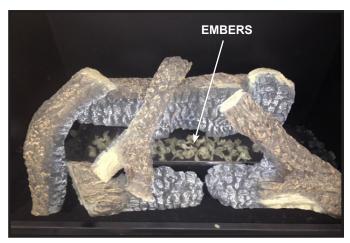


Figure 11.2

#### **Placing the Lava Rock**

Place lava rock over the remaining base pan surfaces. (DO NOT COVER THE BURNER PORTS WITH THE LAVA ROCK) See Figure 11.3.



#### **A** WARNING

#### **RISK OF EXPLOSION!**

- · Place lava rock according to instructions.
- · Do NOT place lava rock on burner top.
- Use ONLY Hearth & Home Technologies-approved optional media with this appliance.
- Do NOT use more than 3 pounds of lava rock per fireplace.

Improperly placed lava rock interferes with proper burner operation.

Delayed ignition may occur.

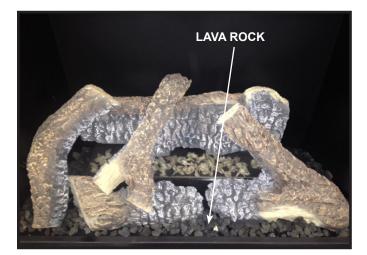


Figure 11.3

#### E. Fixed Glass Assembly

#### **Removing Fixed Glass Assembly**

**WARNING!** Risk of Asphyxiation! Handle fixed glass assembly with care. Inspect the gasket to ensure it is undamaged and inspect the glass for cracks, chips or scratches.

- DO NOT strike, slam or scratch glass.
- **DO NOT** operate fireplace with glass removed, cracked, broken or scratched.
- · Replace as a complete assembly.

#### **Removing Fixed Glass Assembly**

 Pull the four glass assembly latches out of the groove on the glass frame. Remove glass door from the appliance. See Figure 11.4.

#### **Replacing Fixed Glass Assembly**

 Replace the glass door on the appliance. Pull out and latch the four glass assembly latches into the groove on the glass frame.

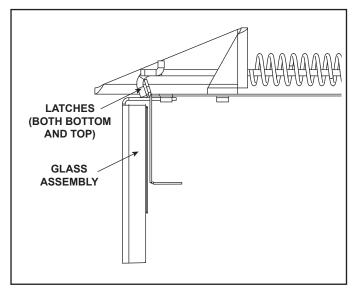


Figure 11.4 Fixed Glass Assembly

#### F. Install Decorative Front/Hood

**WARNING!** Risk of Fire! Install ONLY doors or fronts approved by Hearth & Home Technologies. Unapproved doors or fronts could cause fireplace to overheat.

This fireplace has been supplied with an integral barrier to prevent direct contact with the fixed glass panel. DO NOT operate the fireplace with the barrier removed.

Contact your dealer or Hearth & Home Technologies if the barrier is not present or help is needed to properly install one

- 1. Remove decorative front by lifting up and away from appliance.
- 2. Install four shoulder bolts as shown in figure 11.5.
- 3. Hang decorative front onto shoulder bolts.
- 4. Install hood on appliance by inserting into the two hood clips. See Figure 11.5.

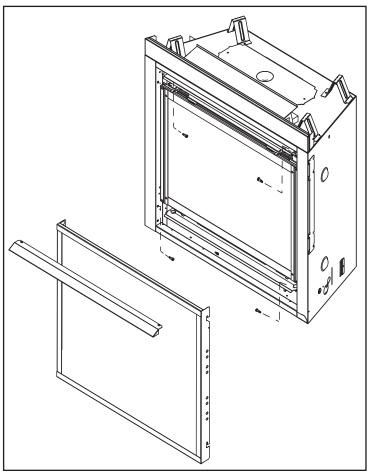


Figure 11.5 Install Decorative Front and Hood

#### A. Vent Components Diagrams

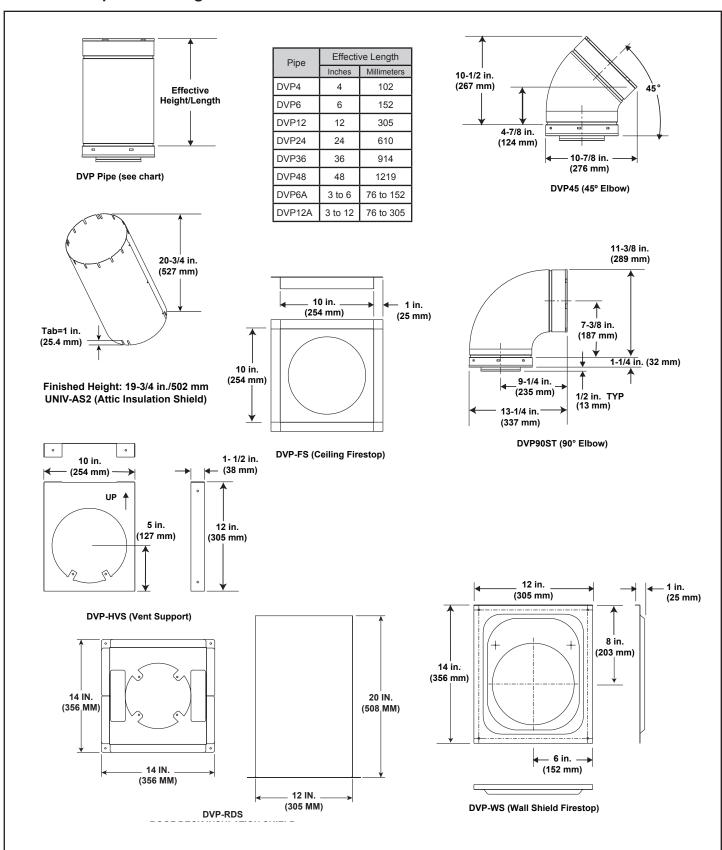


Figure 12.1 DVP Vent Components

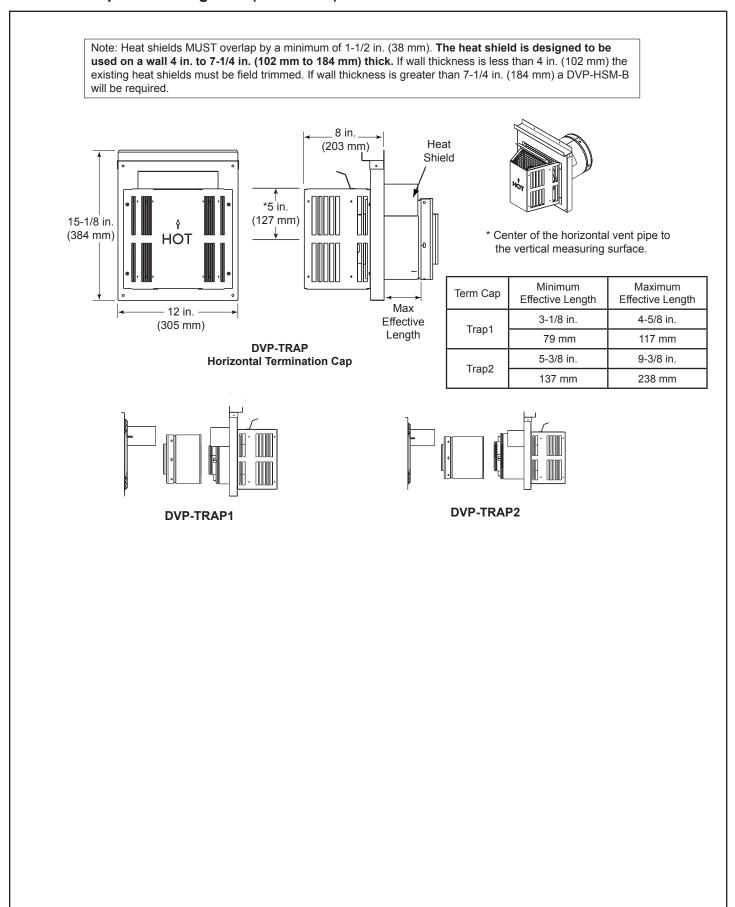


Figure 12.2 DVP Vent Components

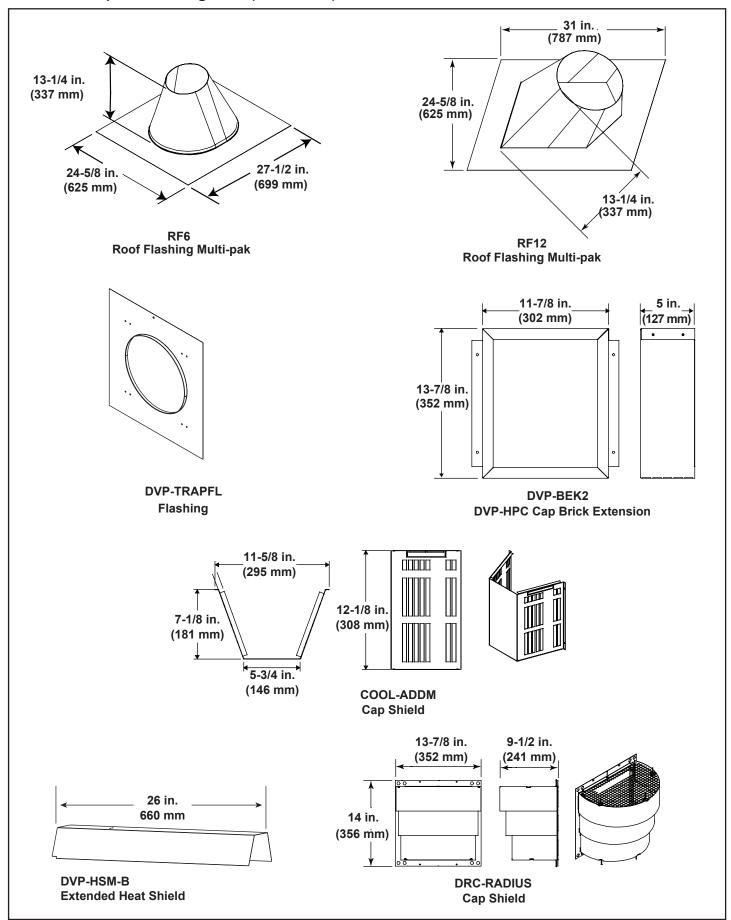


Figure 12.3 DVP Vent Components

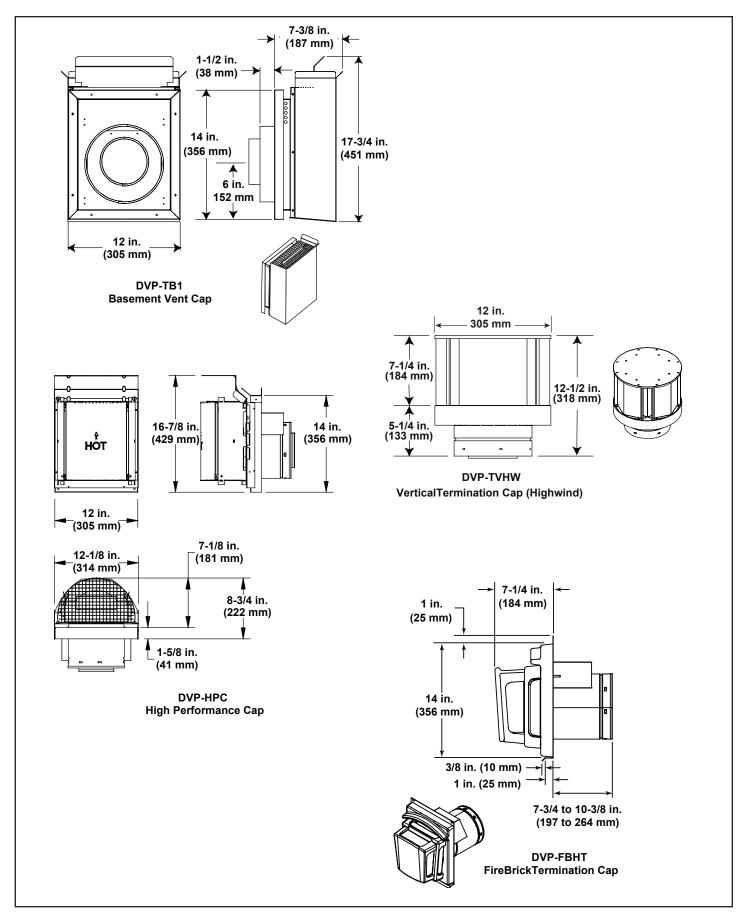


Figure 12.4 DVP Vent Components

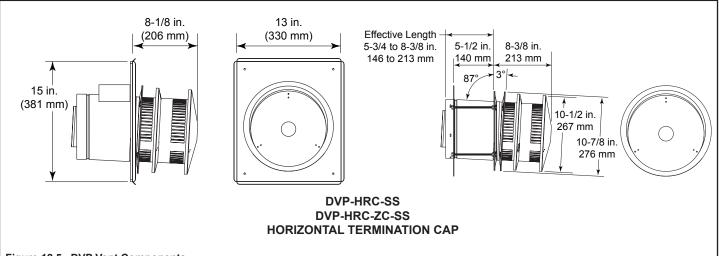


Figure 12.5 DVP Vent Components

### **A** WARNING



Fire Risk.

- When using SLP-HRC-SS termination cap on top vented fireplaces, a one foot minimum vertical vent section is required before installing first elbow.
- When using DVP-TB1 termination cap on top vented fireplaces, a three foot minimum vertical vent section is required before installing first elbow.

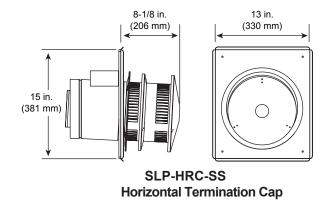


Figure 12.6 SLP Vent Components

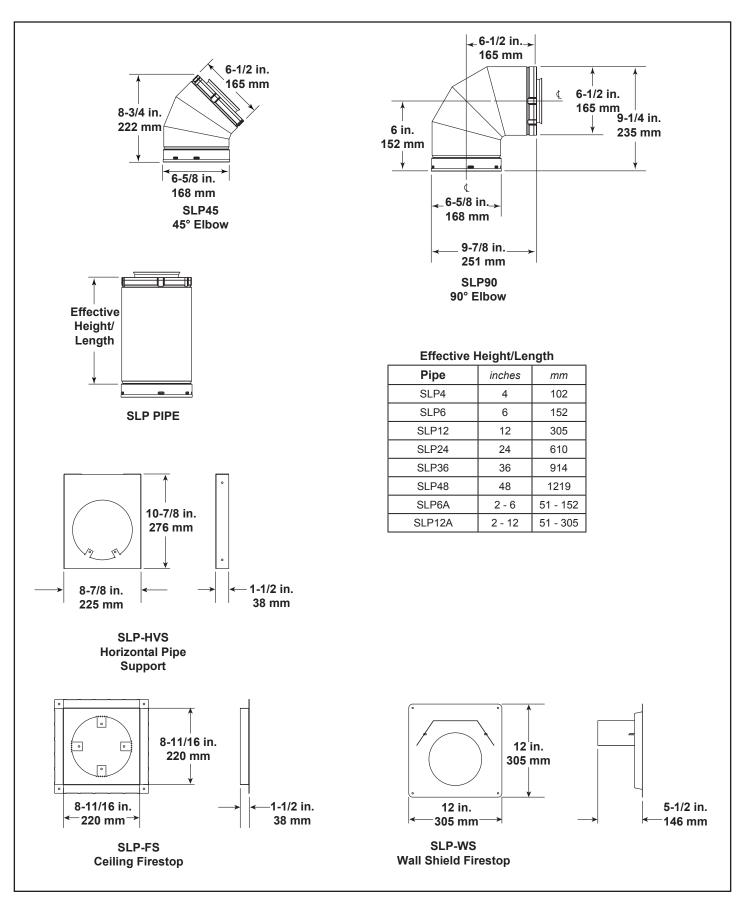


Figure 12.7 SLP Series Vent Components

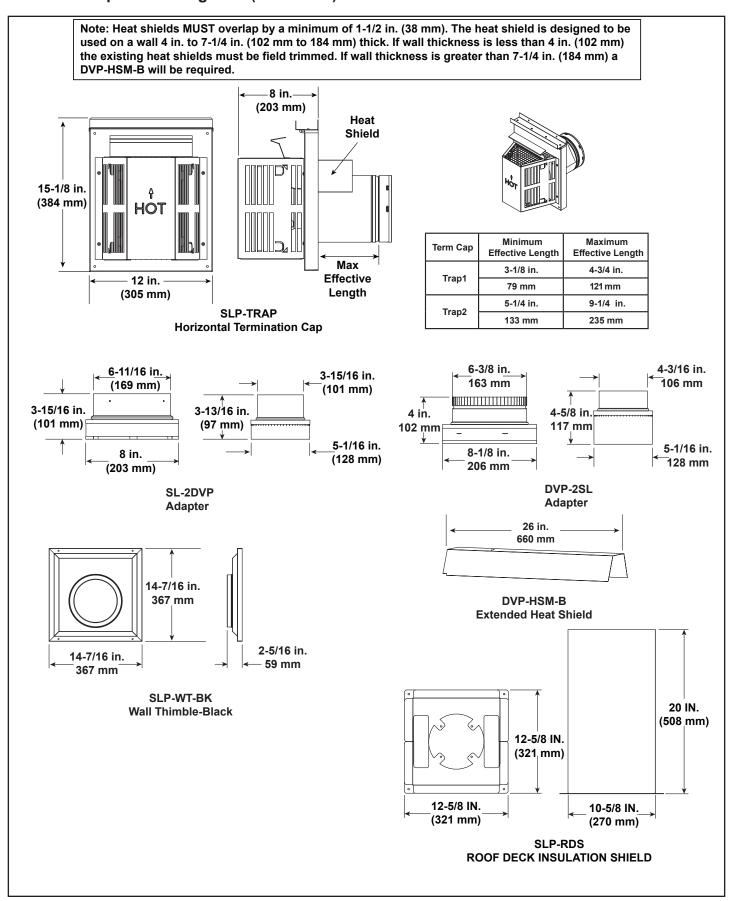


Figure 12.8 SLP Series Vent Components

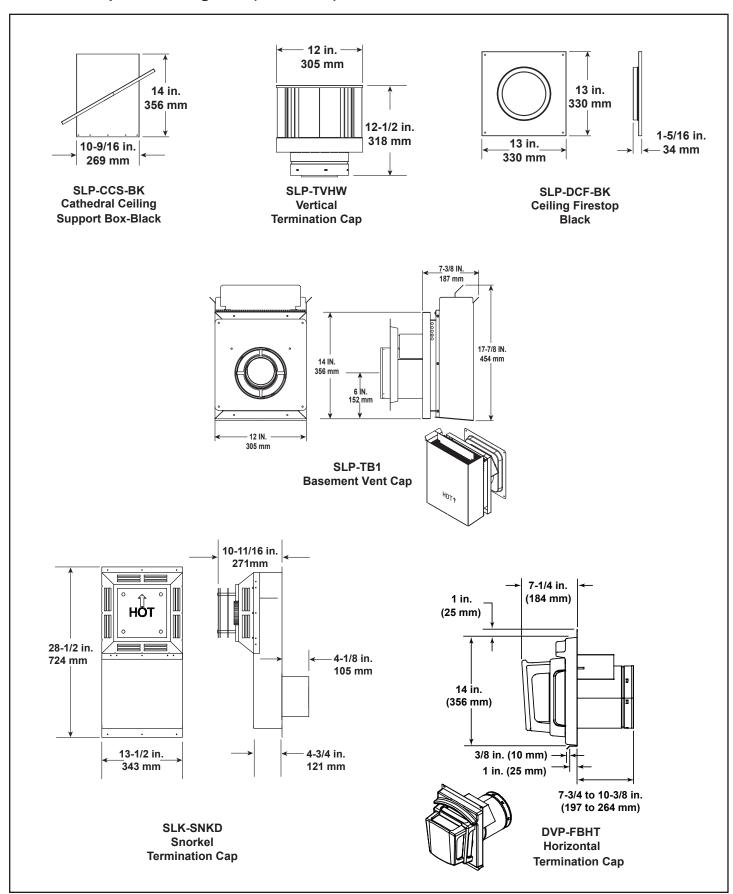


Figure 12.9 SLP Series Vent Components

#### **B.** Accessories

Install approved accessories per instructions included with accessories. Contact your dealer for a list of approved accessories.

WARNING! Risk of Fire and Electric Shock! Use ONLY Hearth & Home Technologies-approved optional accessories with this appliance. Using non-listed accessories could result in a safety hazard and will void the warranty.

## Remote Controls, Wall Controls and Wall Switches

Follow the instructions supplied with the control installed to operate your fireplace:

For safety:

- Install a switch lock or a wall/remote control with child protection lockout feature.
- · Keep remote controls out of reach of children.

See your dealer if you have questions.

Hearth & Home Technologies 7571 215<sup>th</sup> Street West, Lakeville, MN 55044 www.hearthnhome.com

Please contact your Hearth & Home Technologies dealer with any questions or concerns. For the location of your nearest Hearth & Home Technologies dealer, please visit www.hearthnhome.com.